Geophysical Research Abstracts, Vol. 9, 02790, 2007 SRef-ID: 1607-7962/gra/EGU2007-A-02790 © European Geosciences Union 2007



## Simulation of glacial Cycles with an Earth System Model of intermediate Complexity

R. Calov, A. Ganopolski

Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK), Potsdam, Germany (calov@pik-potsdam.de / Fax: +49-331-288-2570)

We present simulations of the last four Quaternary glacial cycles with the fully interactive Earth system model of intermediate complexity CLIMBER-2. The model includes explicit treatment of atmosphere, ocean, biosphere and terrestrial ice sheets. Only the orbital forcing and the atmospheric  $CO_2$  content are prescribed. The model successfully reproduces a number of features of glacial climate variability known from palaeoclimate data, such as the dominant 100 kyr cycle, Heinrich events and Dansgaard-Oeschger oscillations.

In particular, we inspected the role of  $CO_2$  and terrigenous dust. We found that both of them are important factors (in addition to orbital forcing) to correctly capture the glacial to interglacial change in ice volume. Furthermore, a sensitivity analysis showed that, essentially, the change in ice volume is less susceptible to changes in parameters of the ice model than to changes in the mass balance parameterisation.