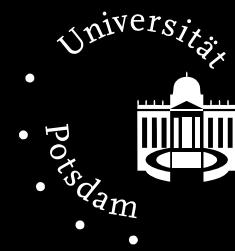


# Recurrence Plots in Earth Sciences

Norbert Marwan, Jürgen Kurths  
Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK)

M. H. Trauth, S. Breitenbach, N. Nowaczyk



# Recurrence

- fundamental characteristic of many dynamical systems
- Poincaré, 1890:

**“a system recurs infinitely many times as close as one wishes to its initial state”**
- recurrences in real life:

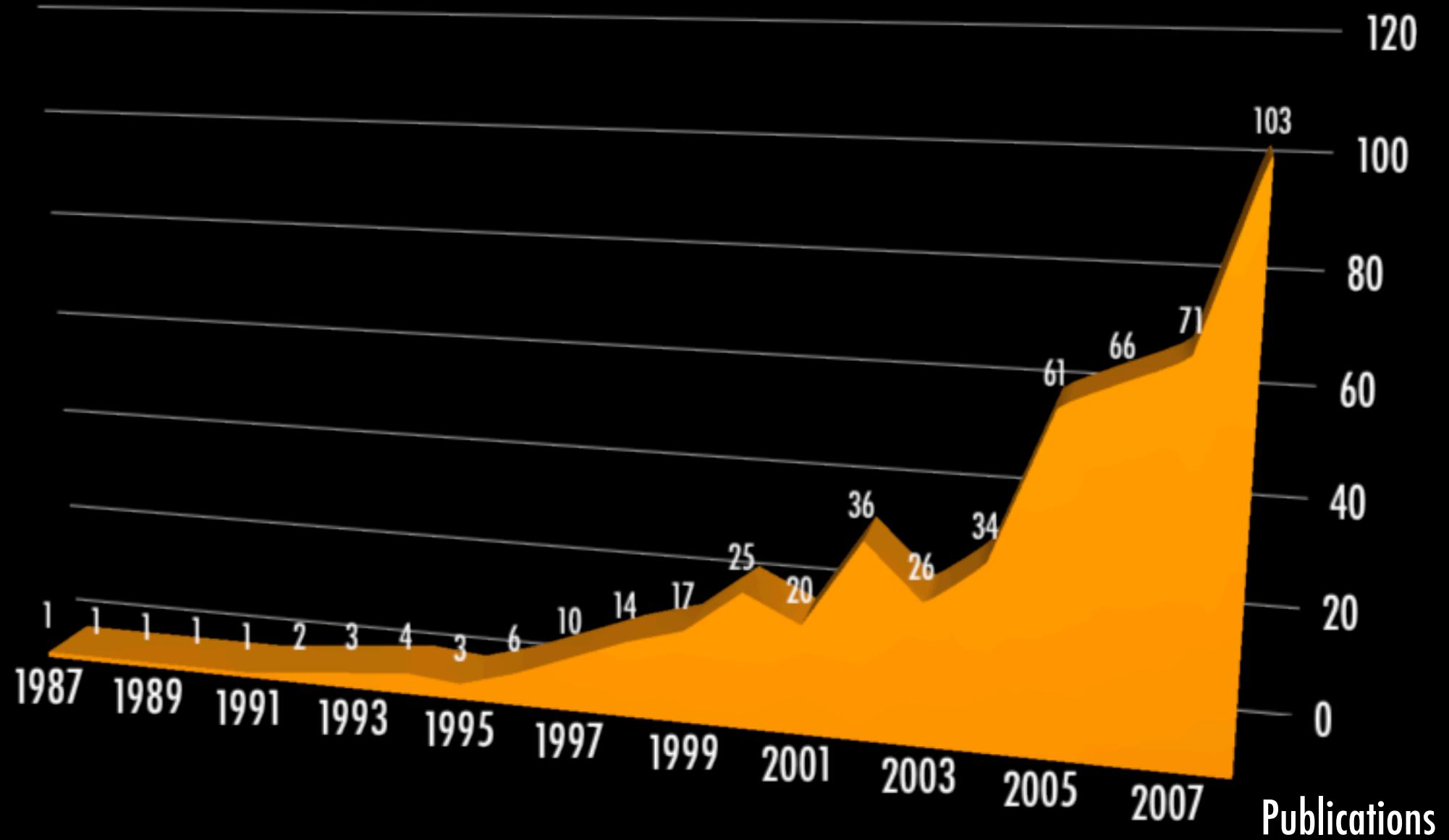
Milankovich cycles, weather after storm, El Niño phenomenon, heart beat after exertion, Maya calendar etc.



# Investigating System's Dynamics

- Poincaré map
- Recurrence time statistics
- First return map
- Recurrence plot

# Historical Review

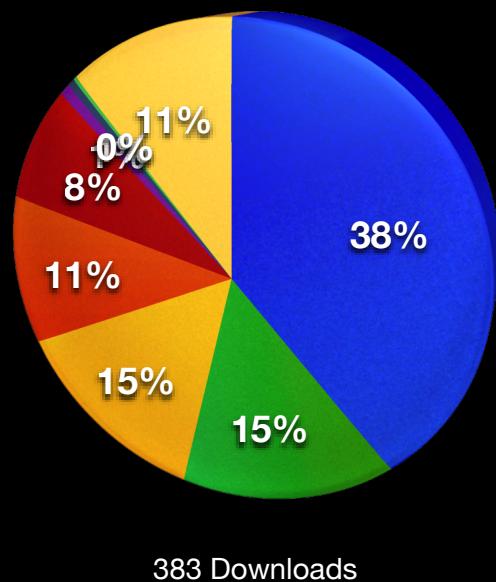


# Historical Review

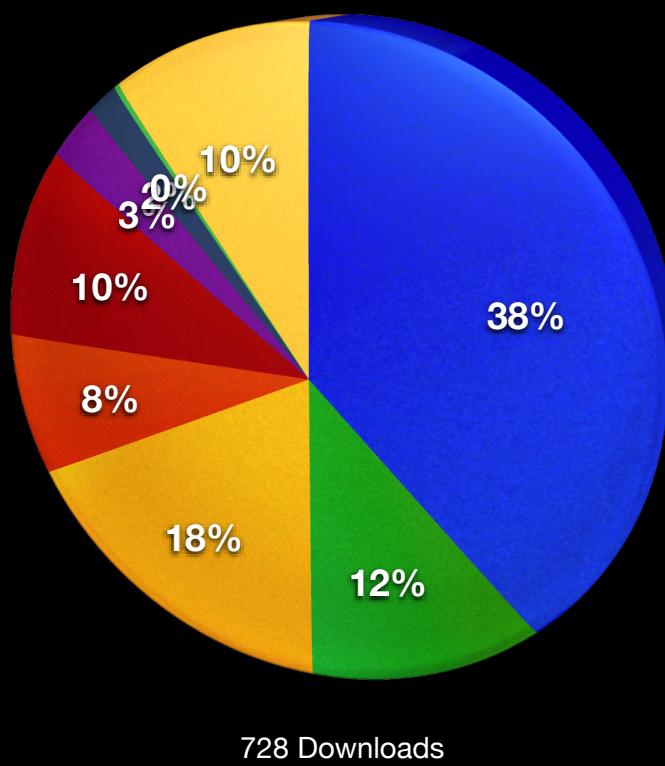


# Application Diversity

2003-2005

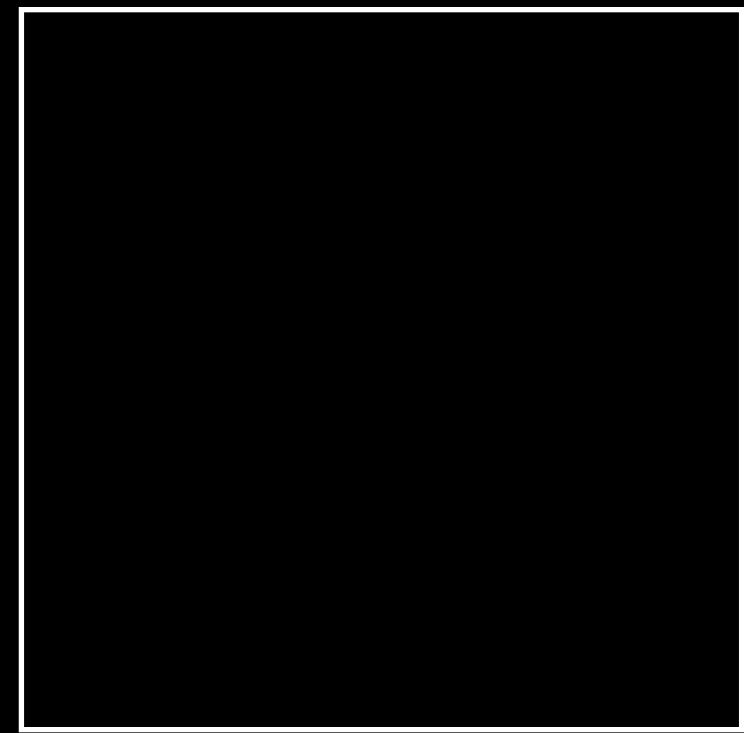
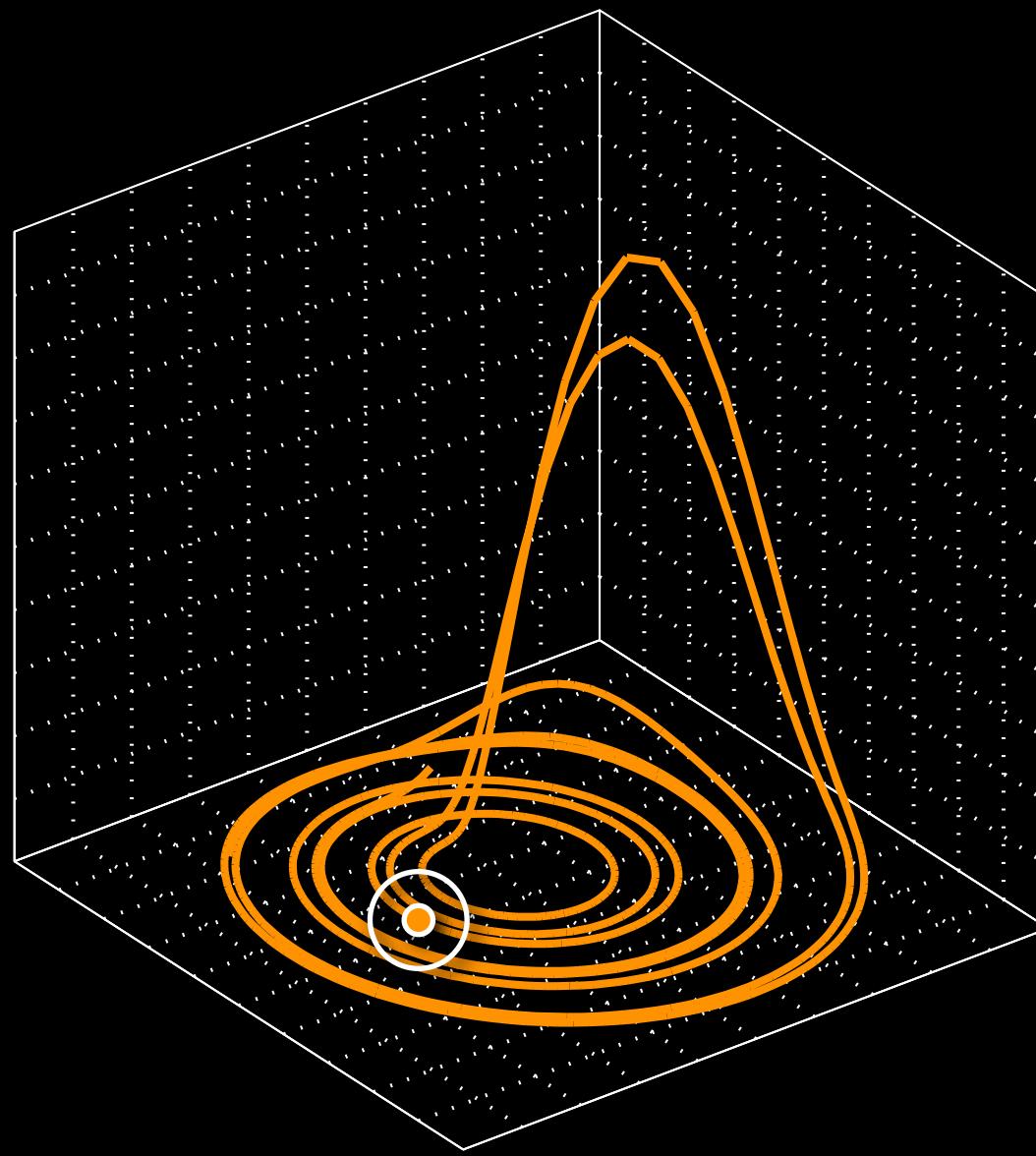


2005-2008

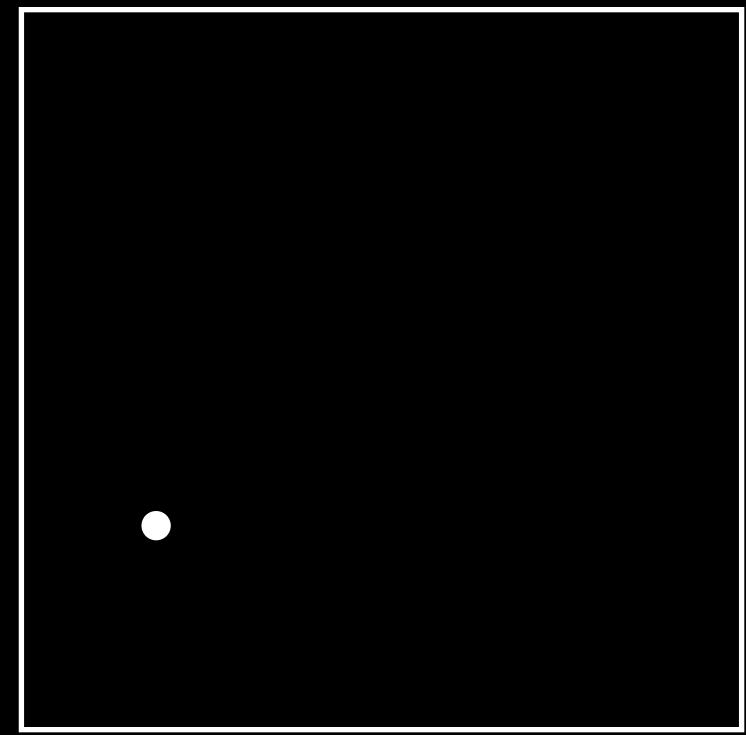
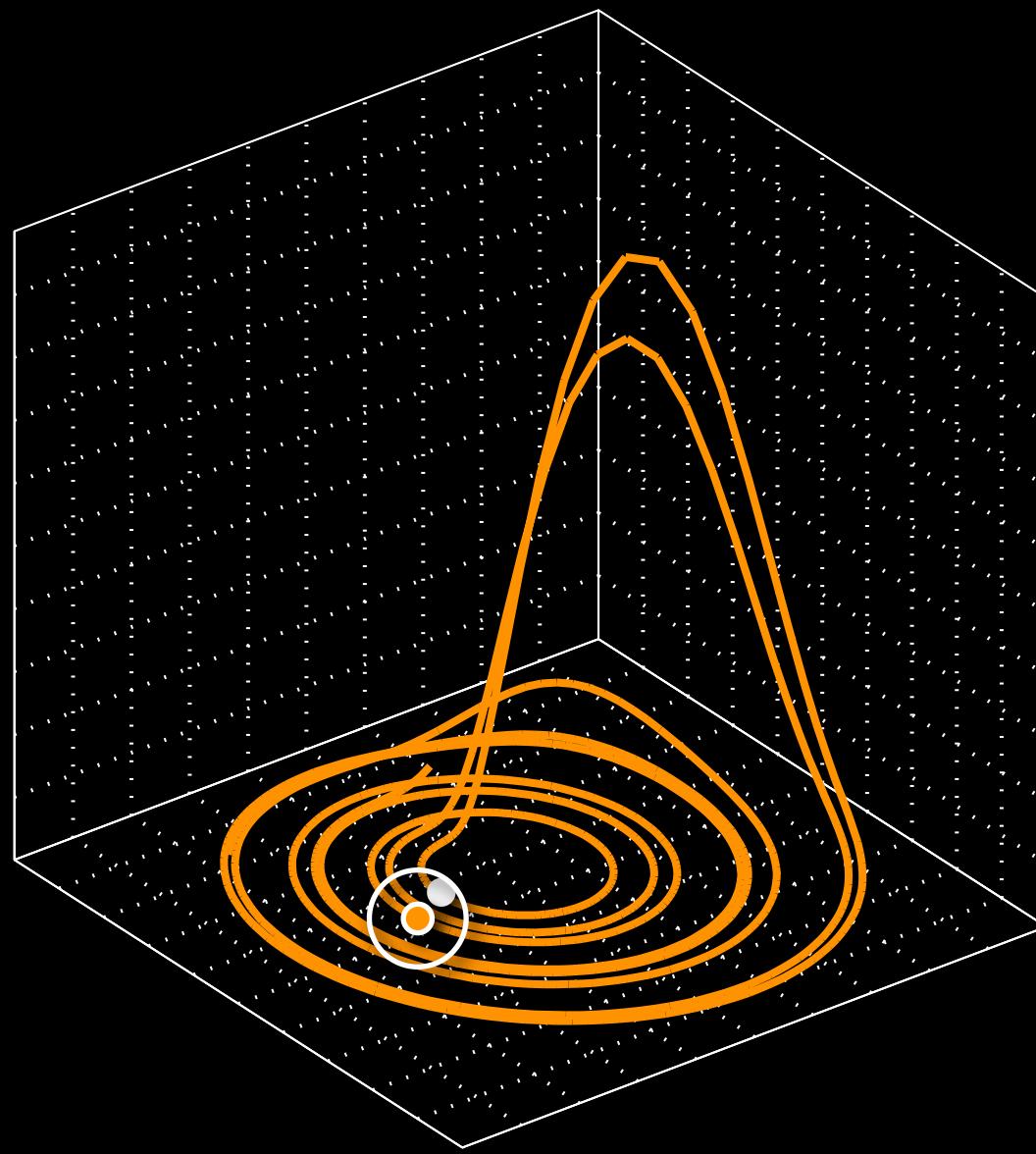


- Life science
- Earth science
- Engineering
- Economics
- Physics
- Edu
- Chemistry
- Social science
- Misc

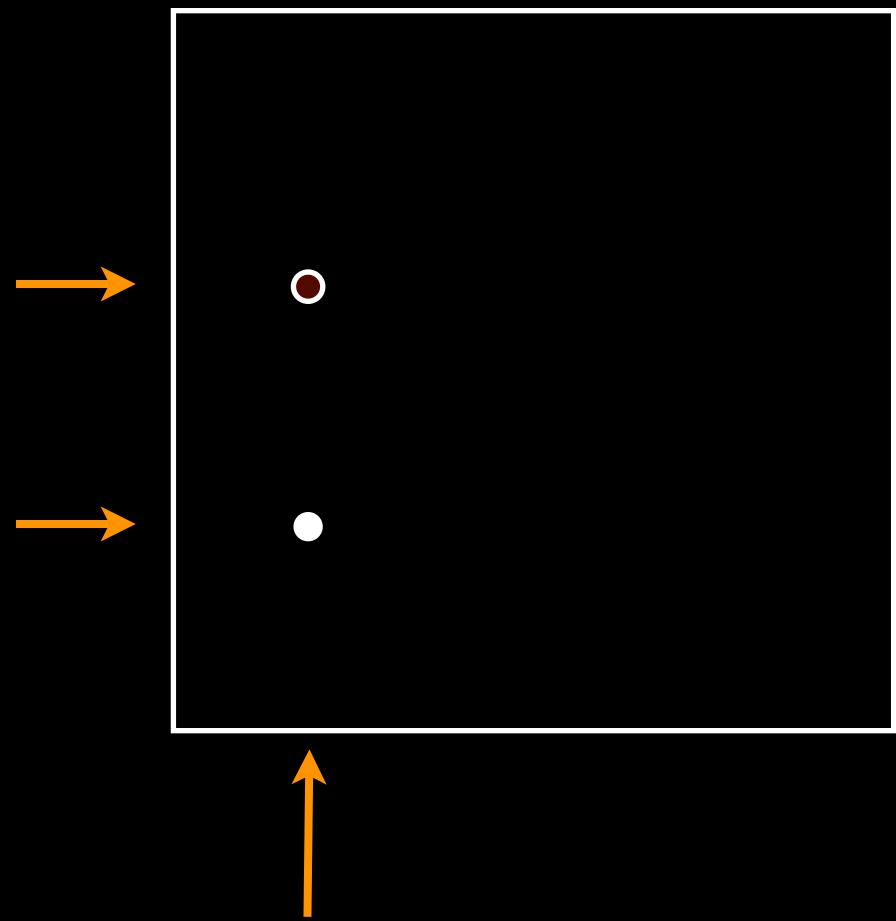
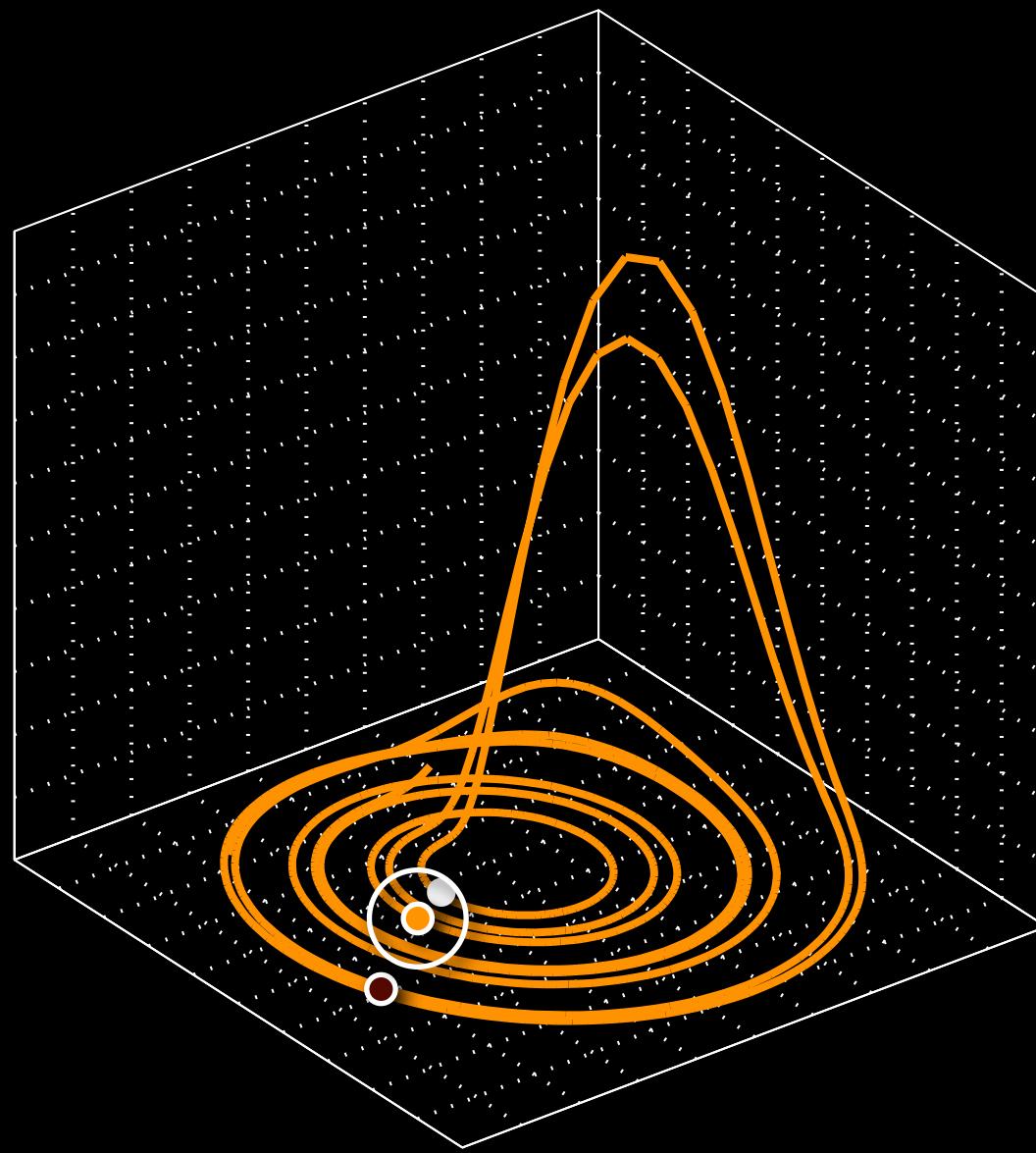
# Recurrence Plot



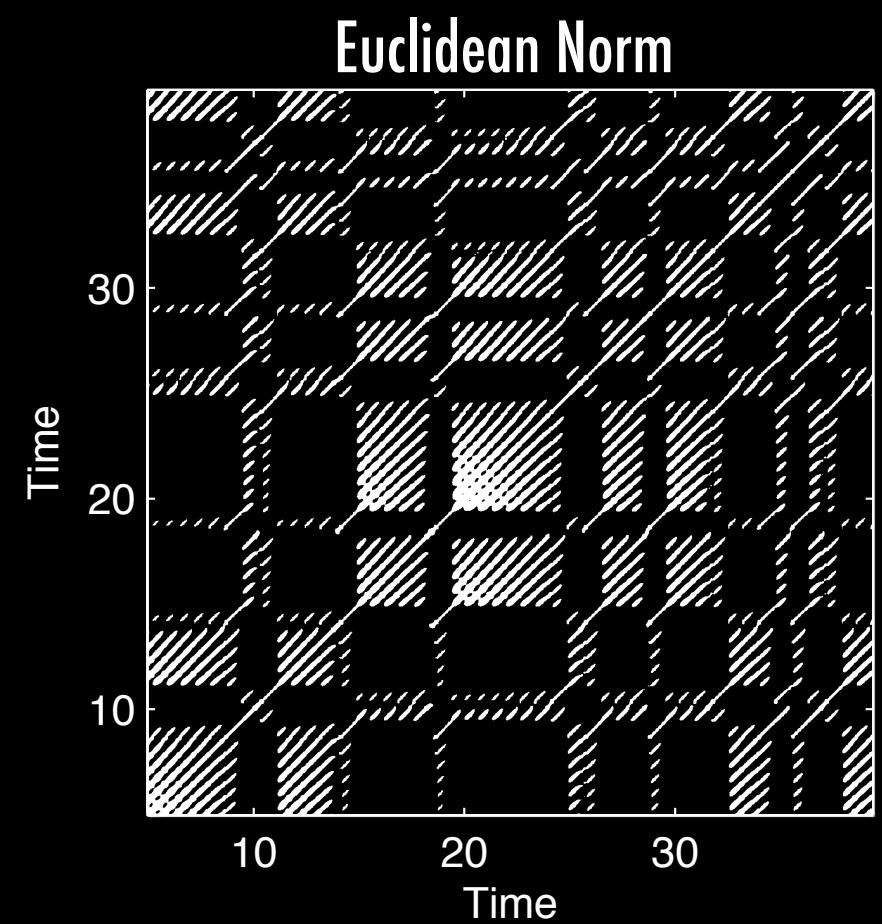
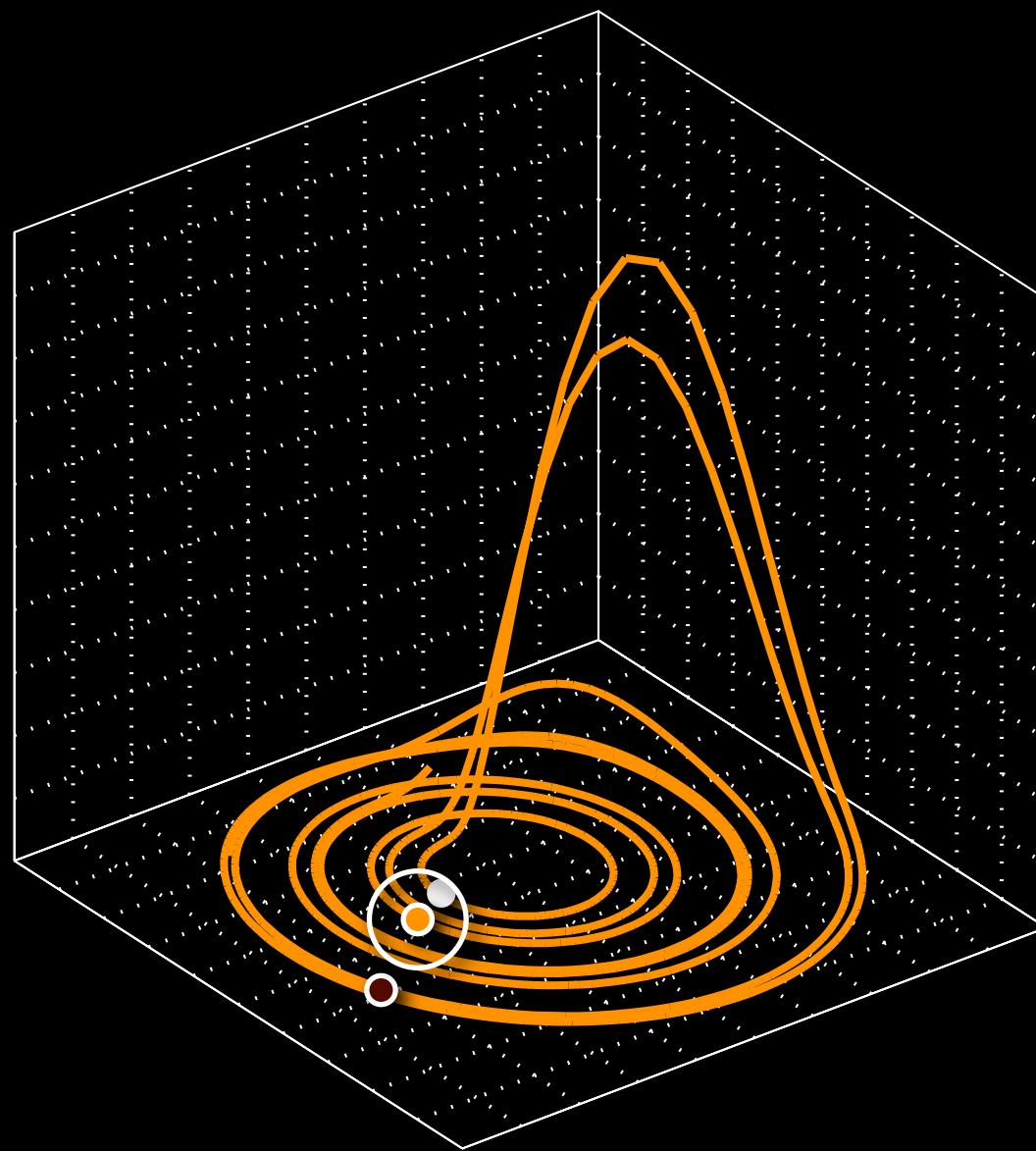
# Recurrence Plot



# Recurrence Plot



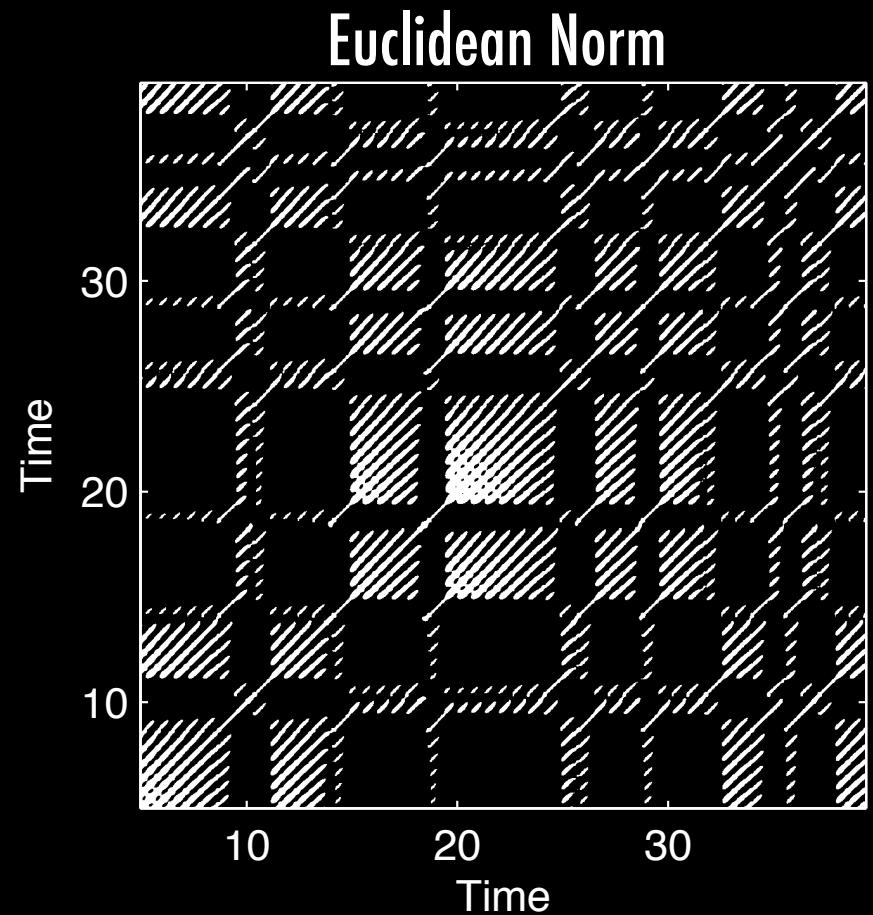
# Recurrence Plot



# Recurrence Plot

- Transition detection
- Differentiate dynamics
- Finding time scales
- Interrelation detection
- Synchronisation analysis
- Surrogates

nonstationary and short data!





Available online at [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)



Physics Reports 438 (2007) 237–329

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PHYSICS REPORTS

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[www.elsevier.com/locate/physrep](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/physrep)

# Recurrence plots for the analysis of complex systems

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Accepted 3 November 2006

Available online 12 January 2007

editor: I. Procaccia

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## Abstract

Recurrence is a fundamental property of dynamical systems, which can be exploited to characterise the system's behaviour in phase space. A powerful tool for their visualisation and analysis called *recurrence plot* was introduced in the late 1980's. This report is a comprehensive overview covering recurrence based methods and their applications with an emphasis on recent developments. After a brief outline of the theory of recurrences, the basic idea of the recurrence plot with its variations is presented. This includes the quantification of recurrence plots, like the recurrence quantification analysis, which is highly effective to detect, e. g., transitions in the dynamics of systems from time series. A main point is how to link recurrences to dynamical invariants and unstable periodic orbits. This and further evidence suggest that recurrences contain all relevant information about a system's behaviour. As the respective phase spaces of two systems change due to coupling, recurrence plots allow studying and quantifying their interaction. This fact also provides us with a sensitive tool for the study of synchronisation of complex systems. In the last part of the report several applications of recurrence plots in economy, physiology, neuroscience, earth sciences, astrophysics and engineering are shown. The

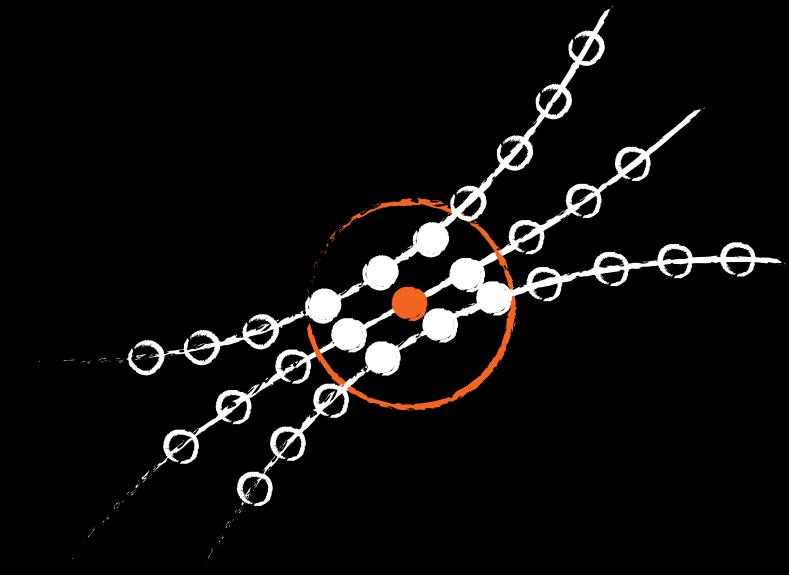
# Recurrence Plot

$$R_{i,j} = \begin{cases} 1 : \vec{x}_i \approx \vec{x}_j & i, j = 1, \dots, N \\ 0 : \vec{x}_i \not\approx \vec{x}_j \end{cases}$$

# Recurrence Plot

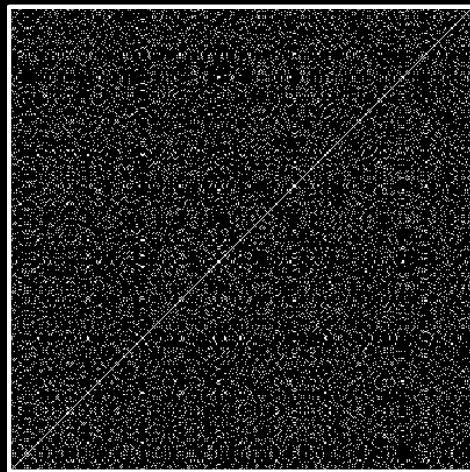
$$R_{t_1,t_2} = \Theta(\varepsilon - \|\vec{x}(t_1) - \vec{x}(t_2)\|)$$

- **fixed threshold**
  - **maximum norm**
  - **Euclidean norm**
  - **minimum norm**
- **fixed number of neighbours**
- **local rank order**

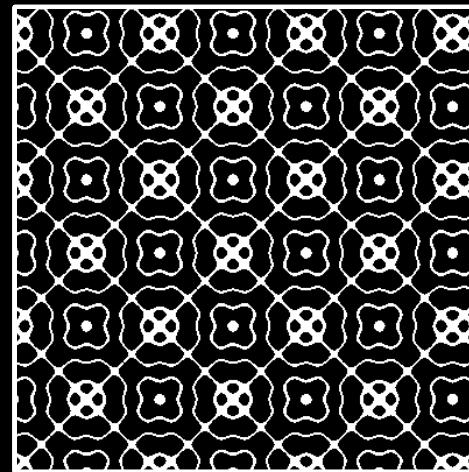


# Recurrence Plot Typology

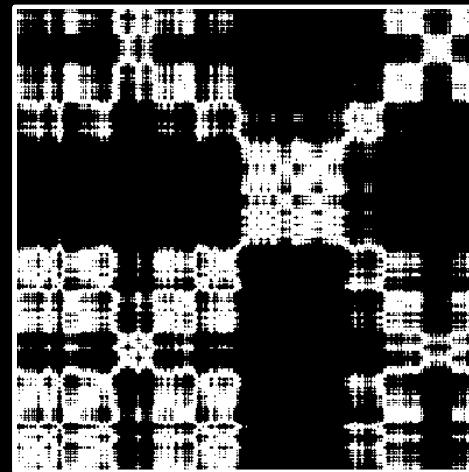
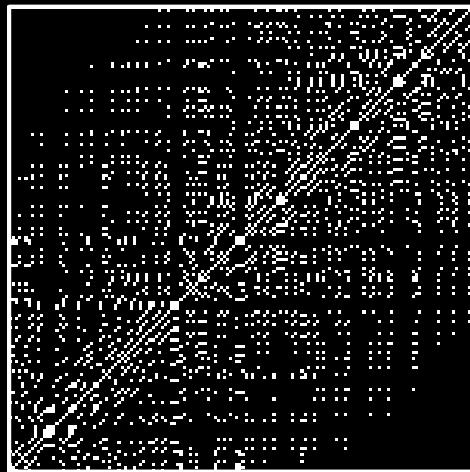
homogeneous



periodic

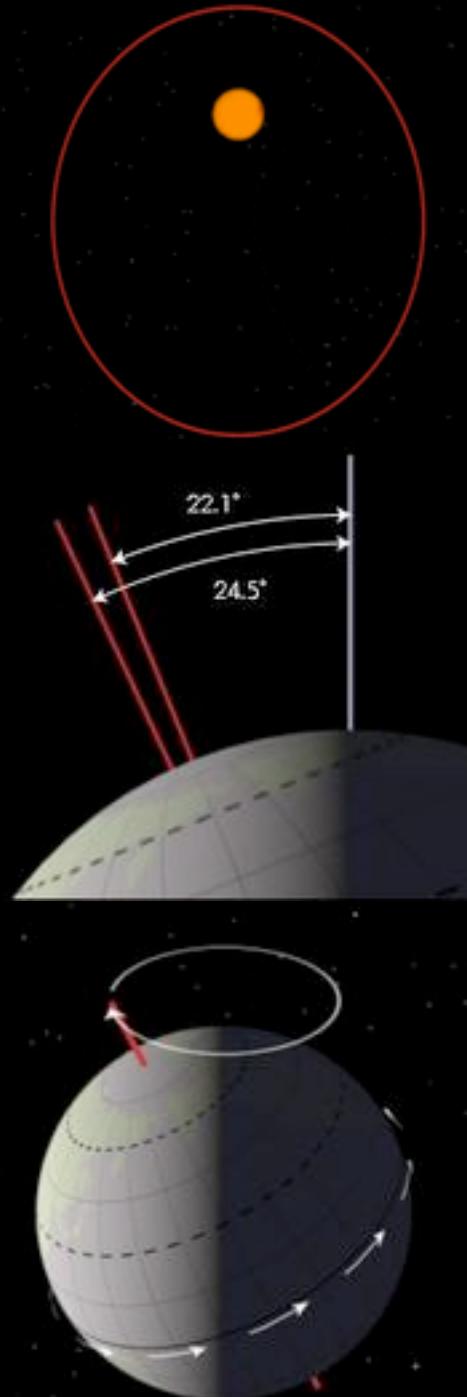


drifty

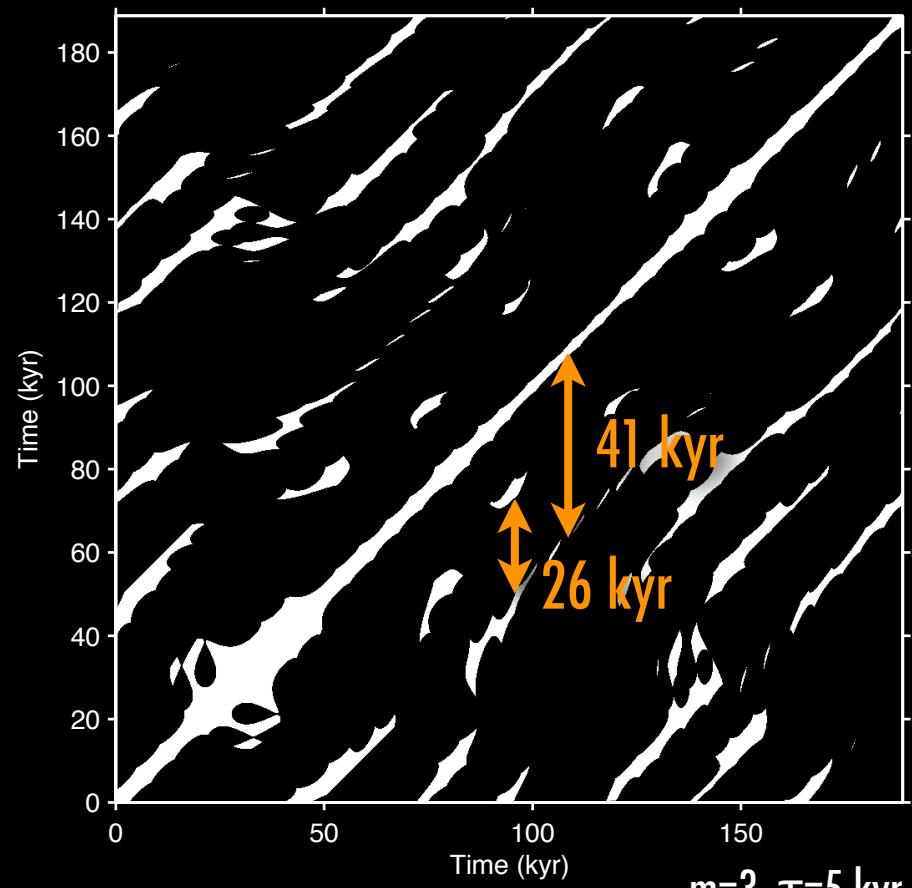
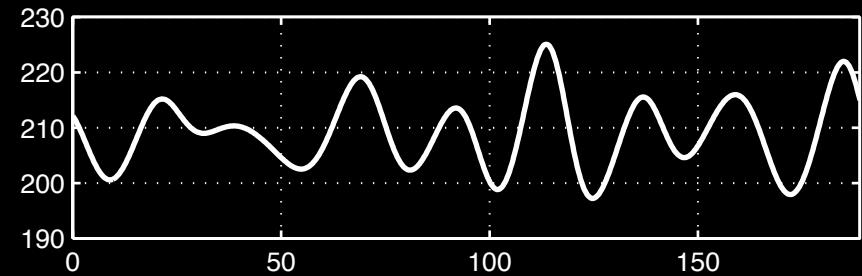


disrupted

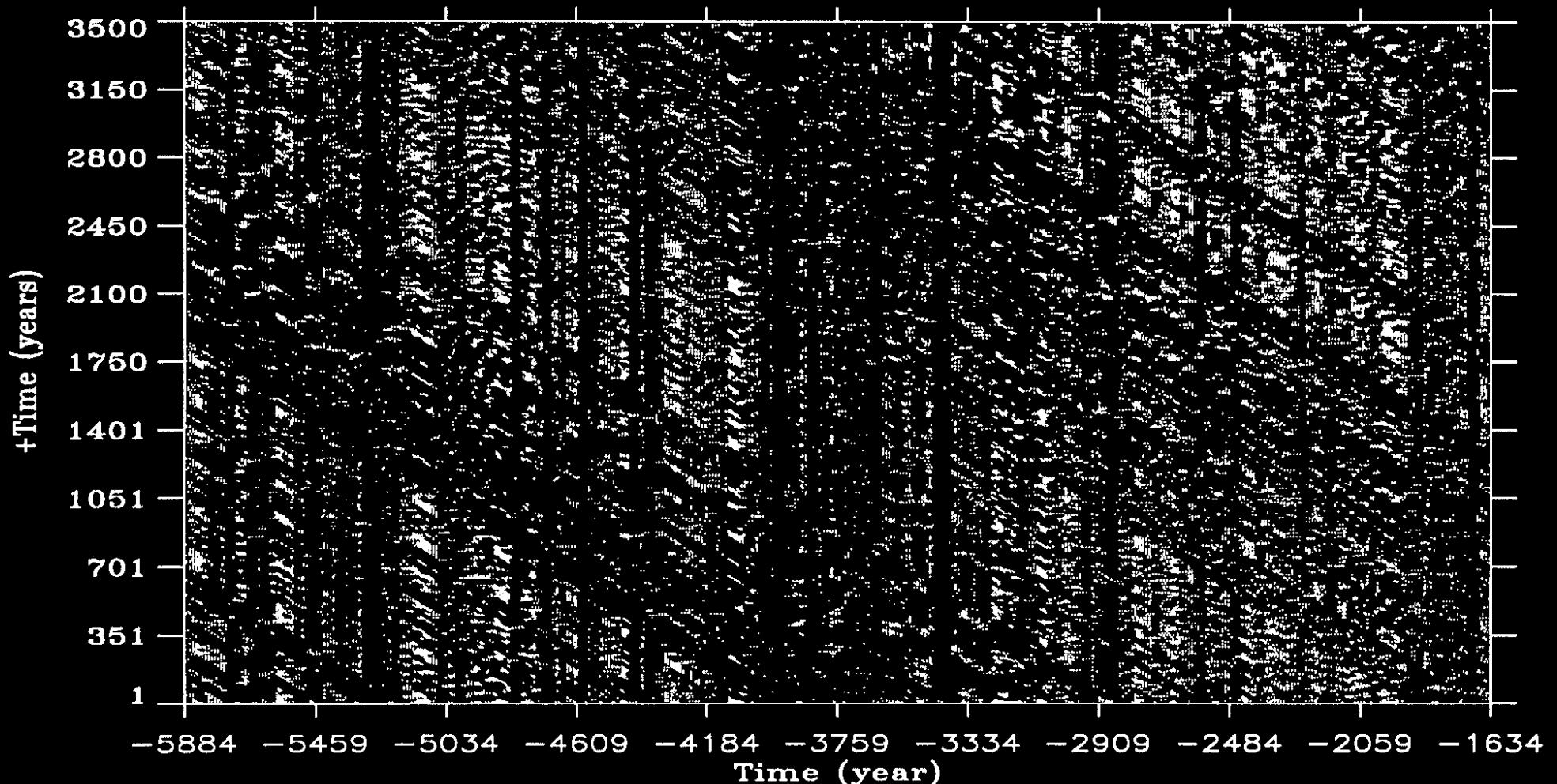
# Solar Insolation



January insolation ( $44^{\circ}\text{N}$ )



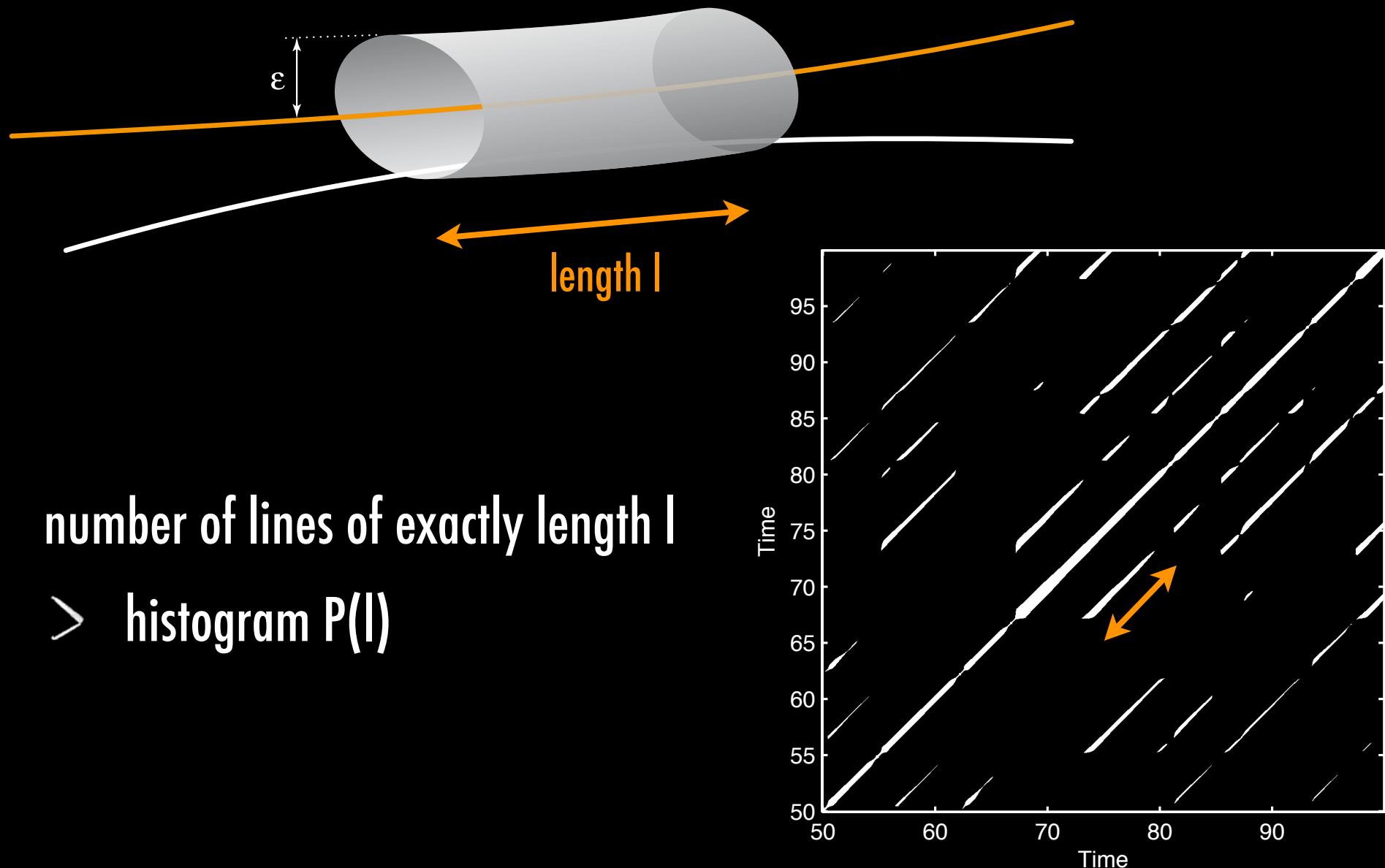
# **Nonlinear variability in solar activity derived from radiocarbon records**



# Recurrence Quantification

- quantitative description of RPs
- based on
  - > recurrence point density
  - > diagonal lines
  - > vertical lines

# Recurrence Quantification



# Line Based Measures

- Determinism DET

$$DET = \frac{\sum_{l=l_{\min}}^N l P(l)}{\sum_{l=1}^N l P(l)}$$

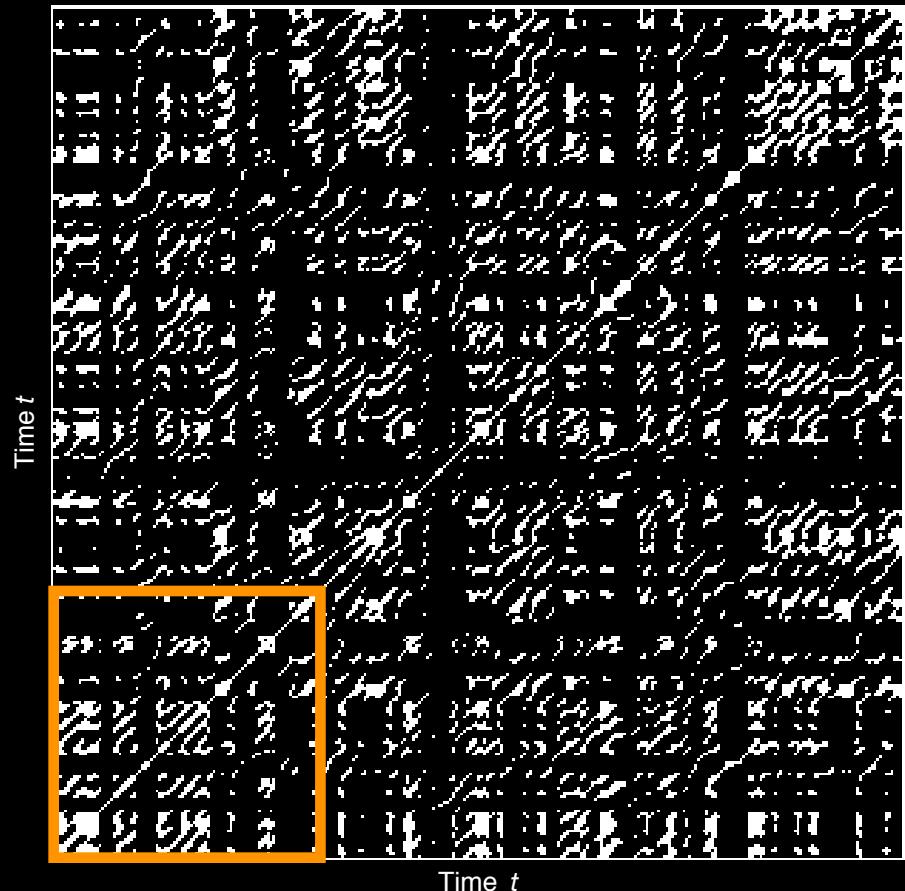
Fraction of points  
forming diagonal  
lines

- Mean diagonal line length L

$$L = \frac{\sum_{l=l_{\min}}^N l P(l)}{\sum_{l=l_{\min}}^N P(l)}$$

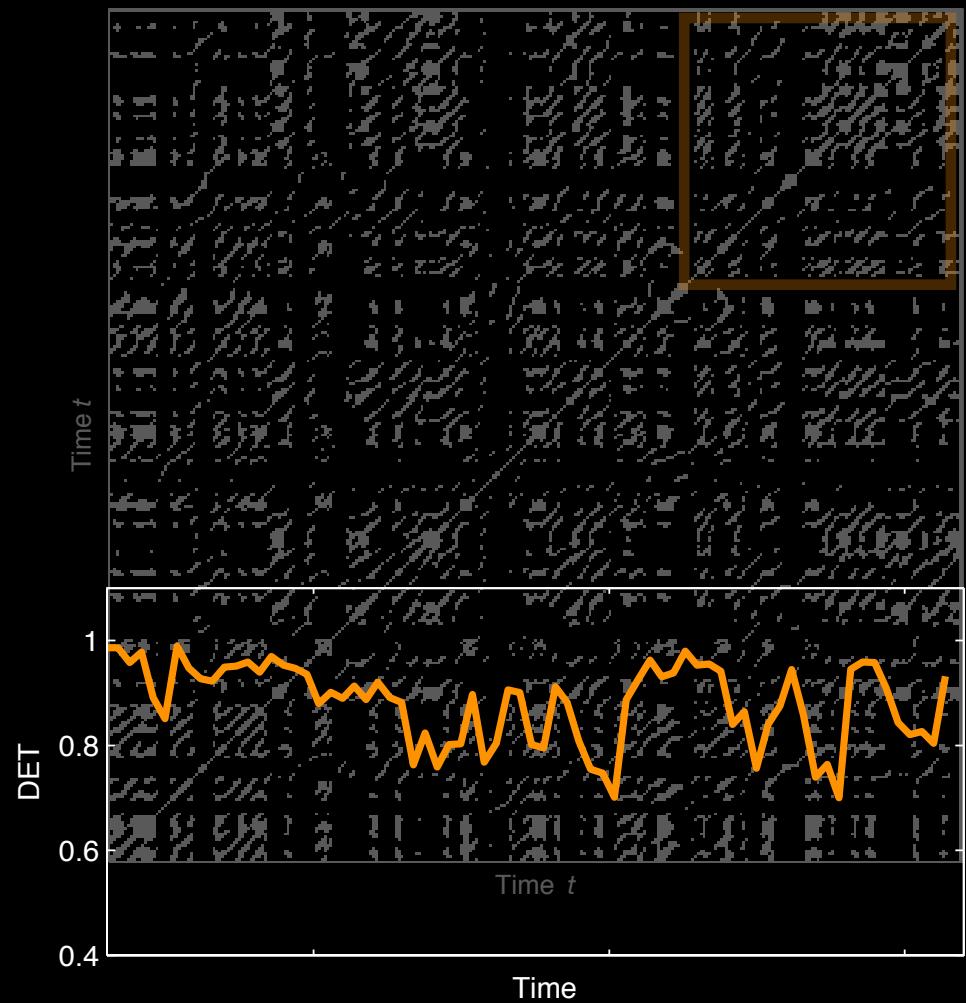
# Recurrence Quantification

- Time dependent analysis:
  - > sliding windows over RP
- Detection of transitions

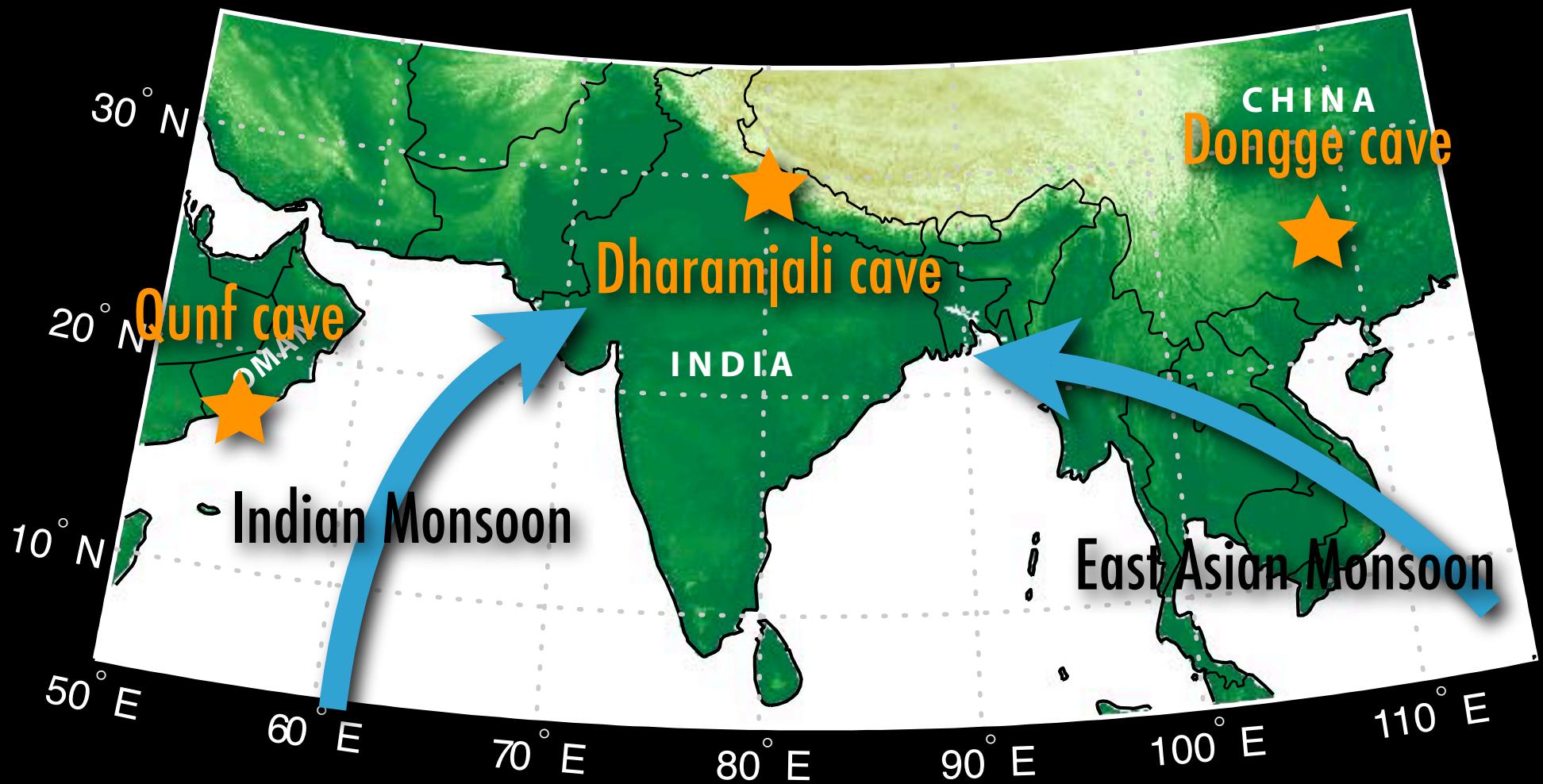


# Recurrence Quantification

- Time dependent analysis:
  - > sliding windows over RP
- Detection of transitions



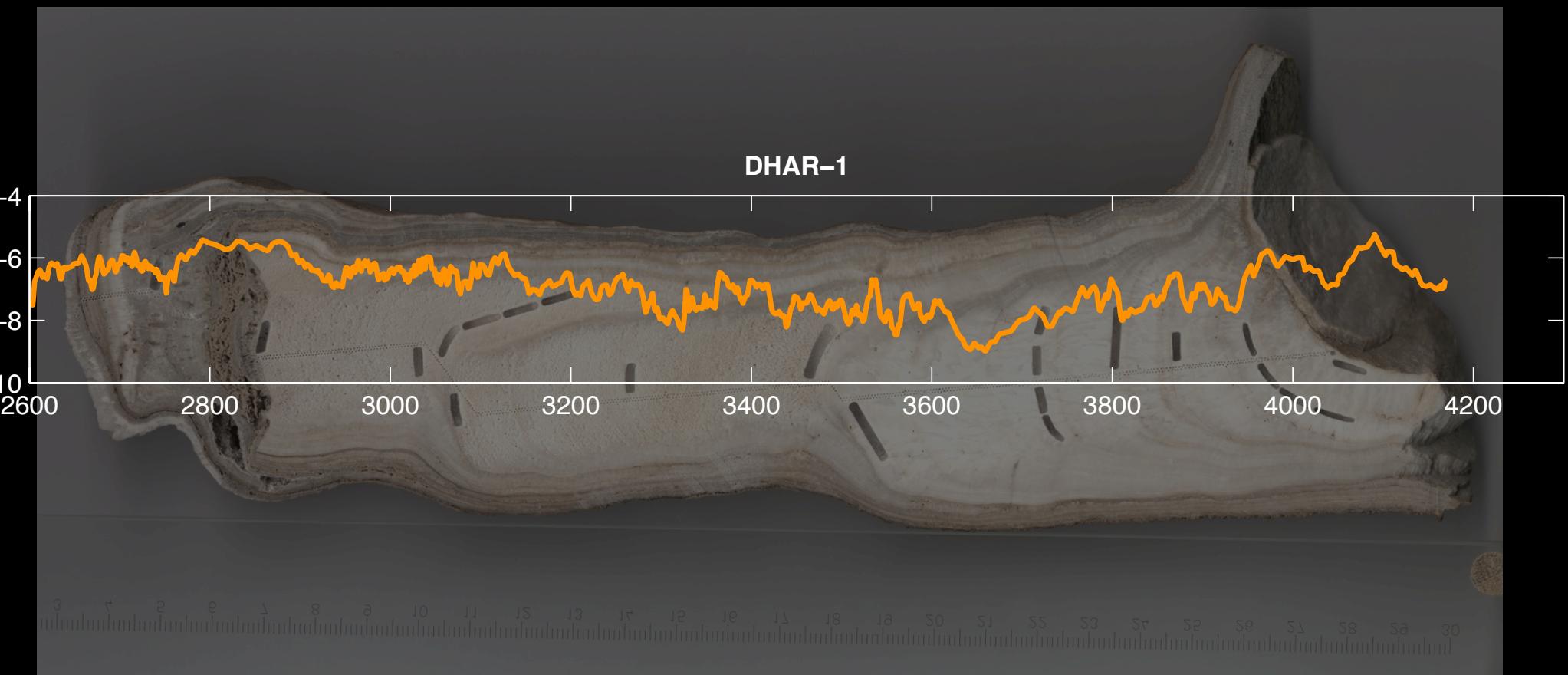
# Asian Monsoon – Isotope Records



# Isotope Records

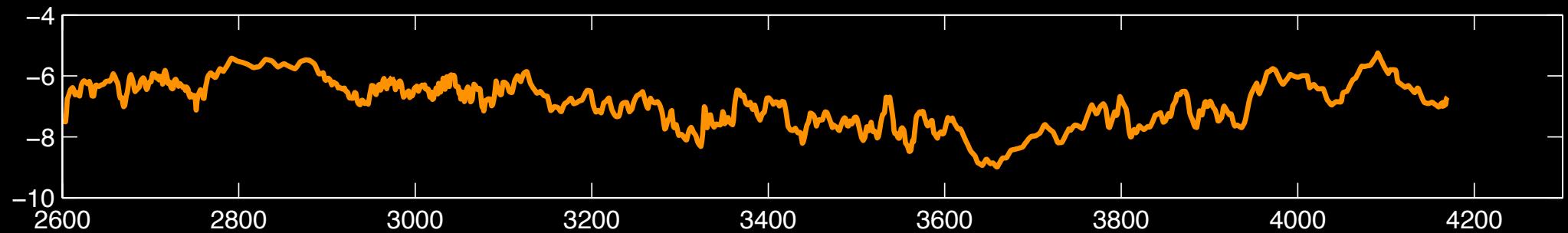


# Isotope Records

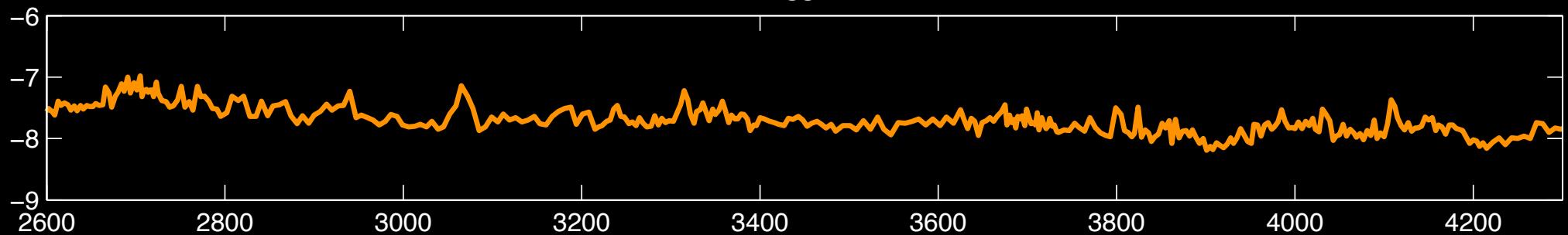


# Isotope Records

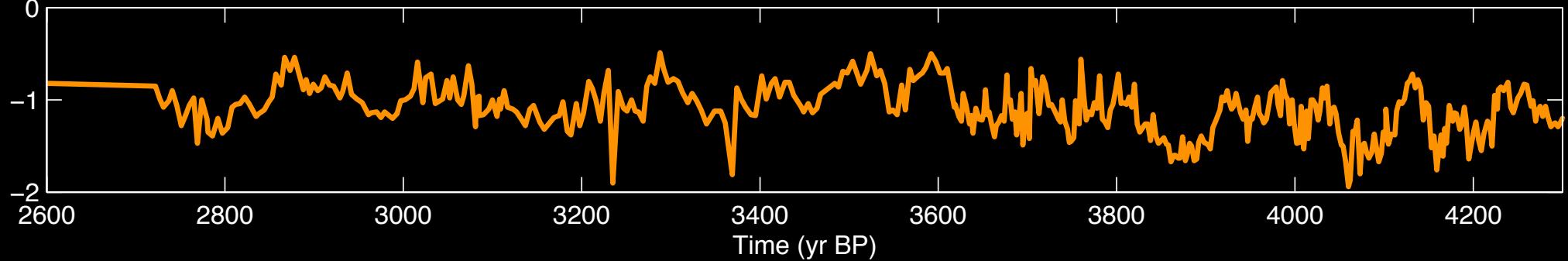
DHAR-1



Dongge DA



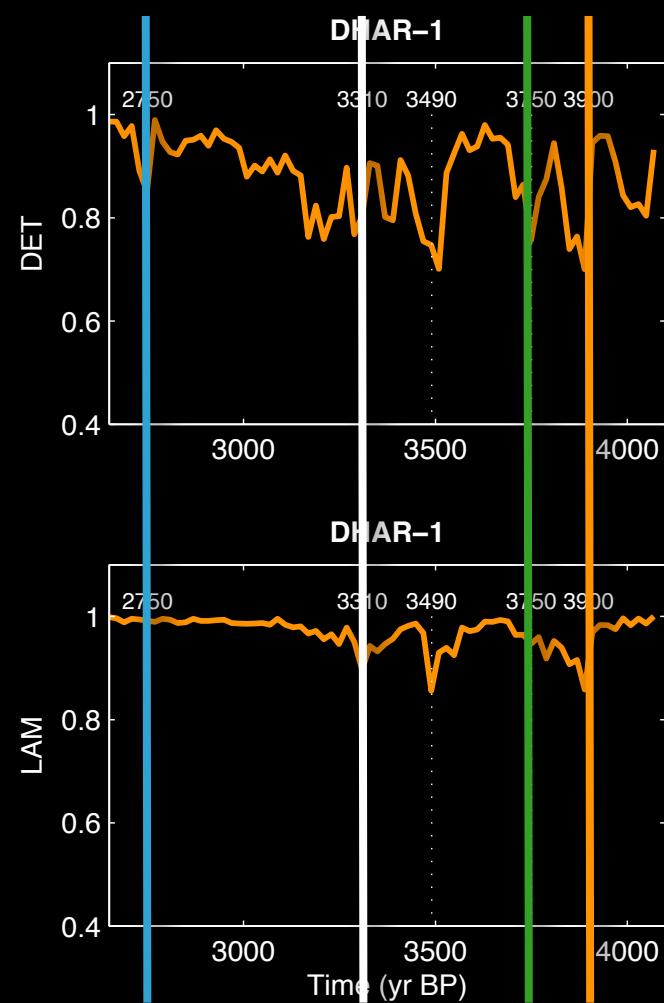
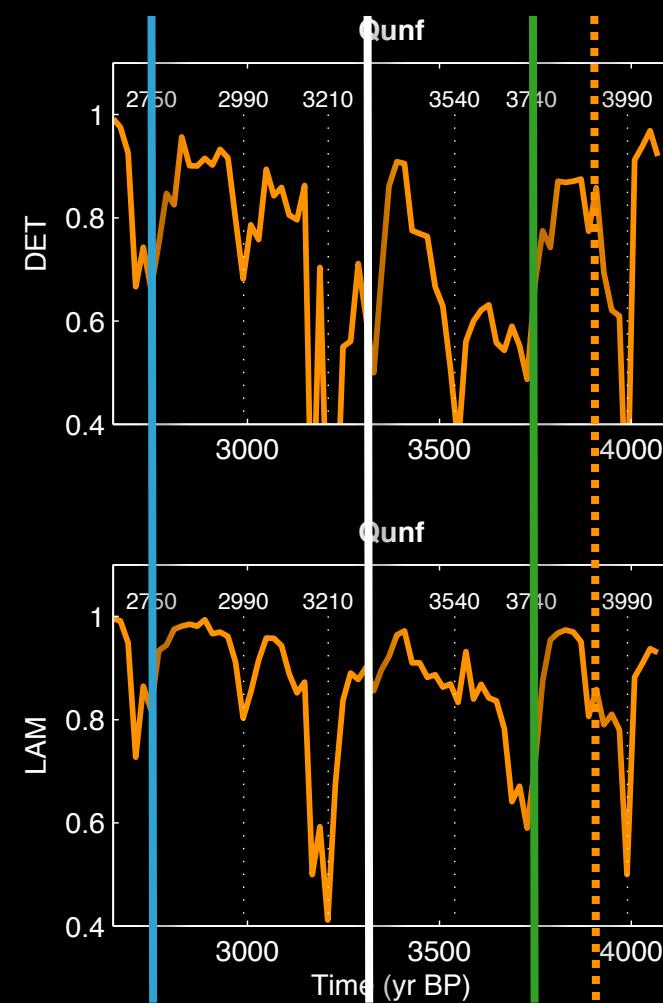
Qunf



# RQA Isotope Records

W

E



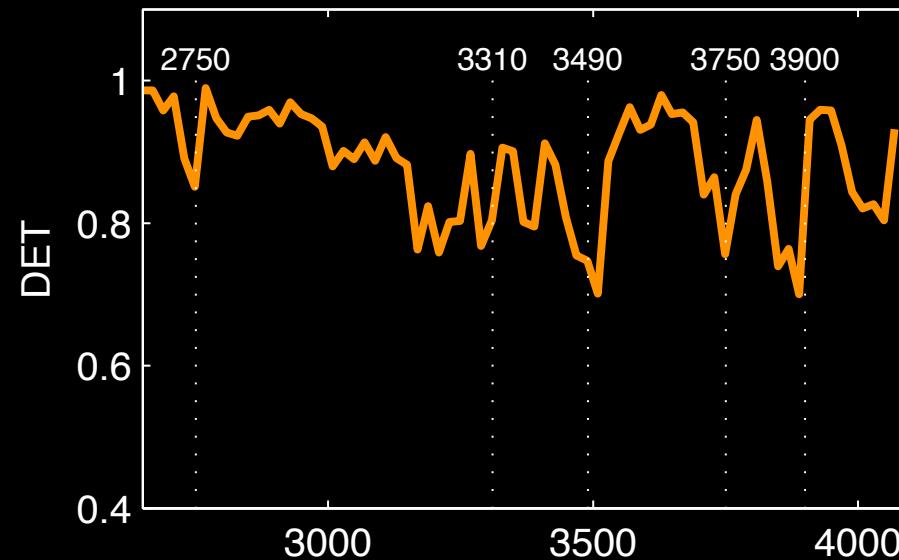
2750 yr BP

3310 yr BP

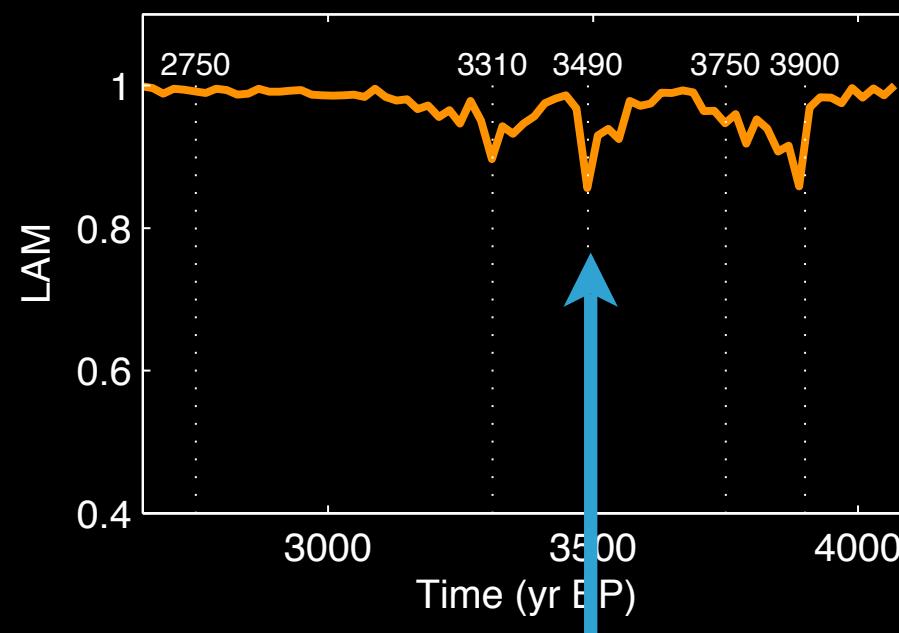
3740-50 yr BP

3900 yr BP

### DHAR-1

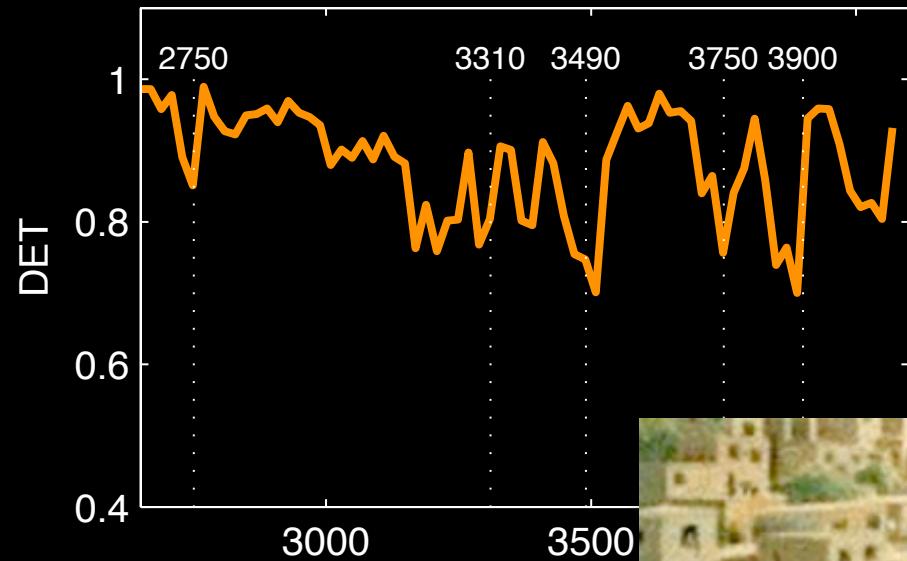


### DHAR-1



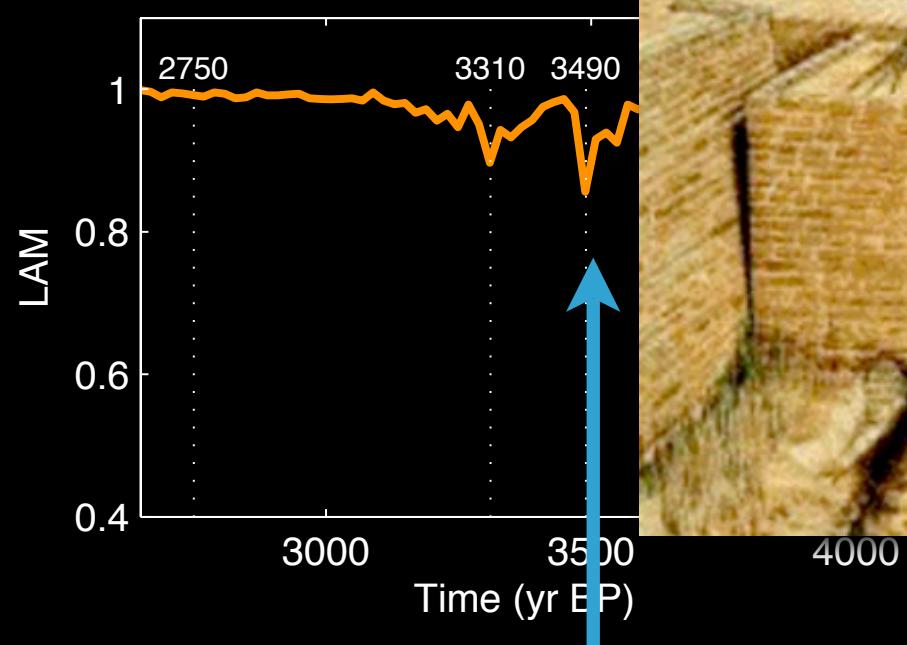
1540 B.C.

DHAR-1



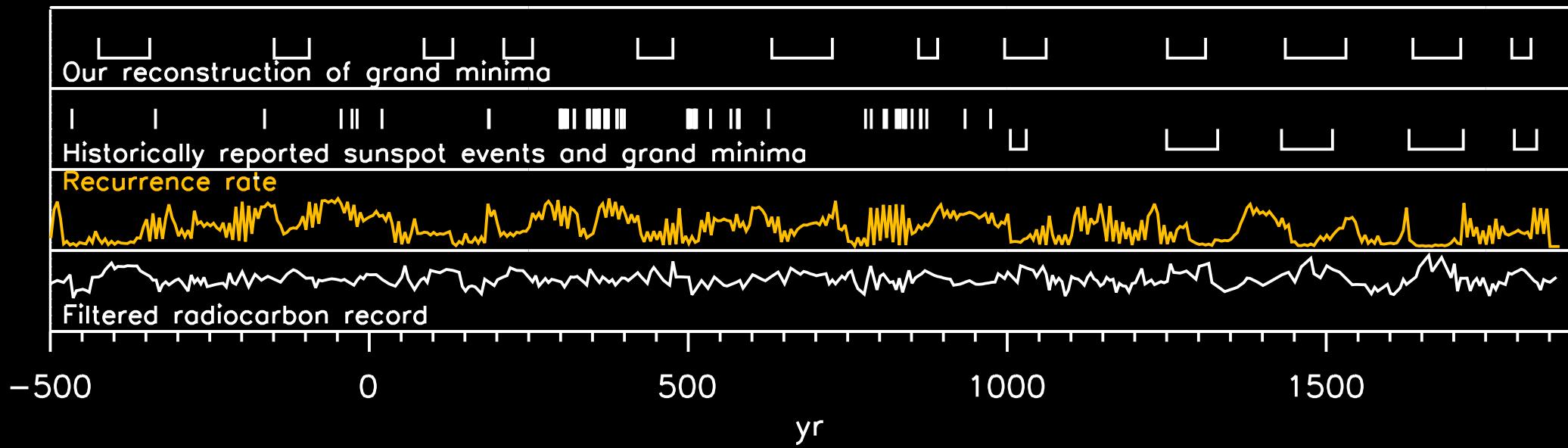
Harappan culture vanished

DHAR-1

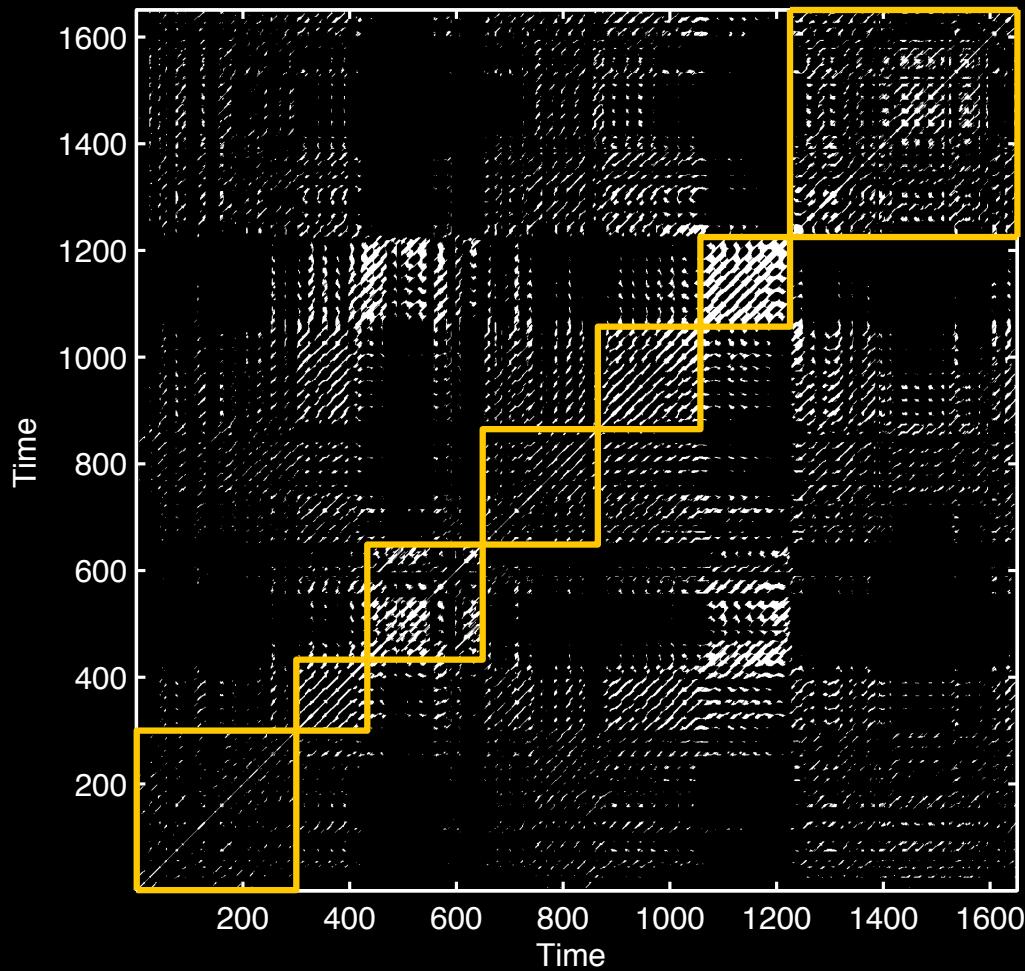


1540 B.C.

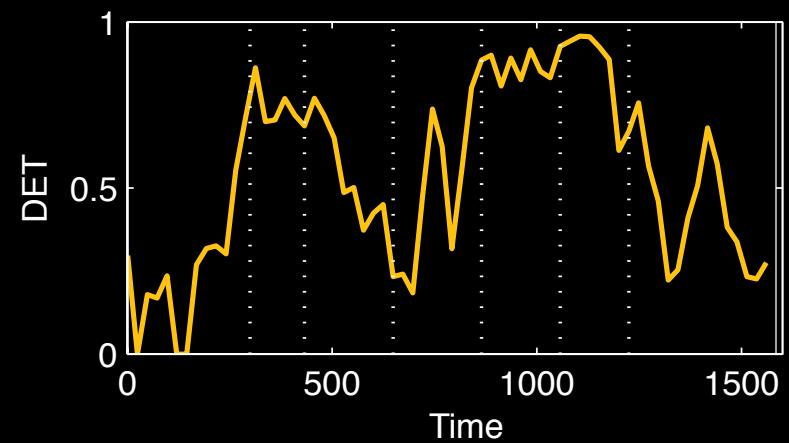
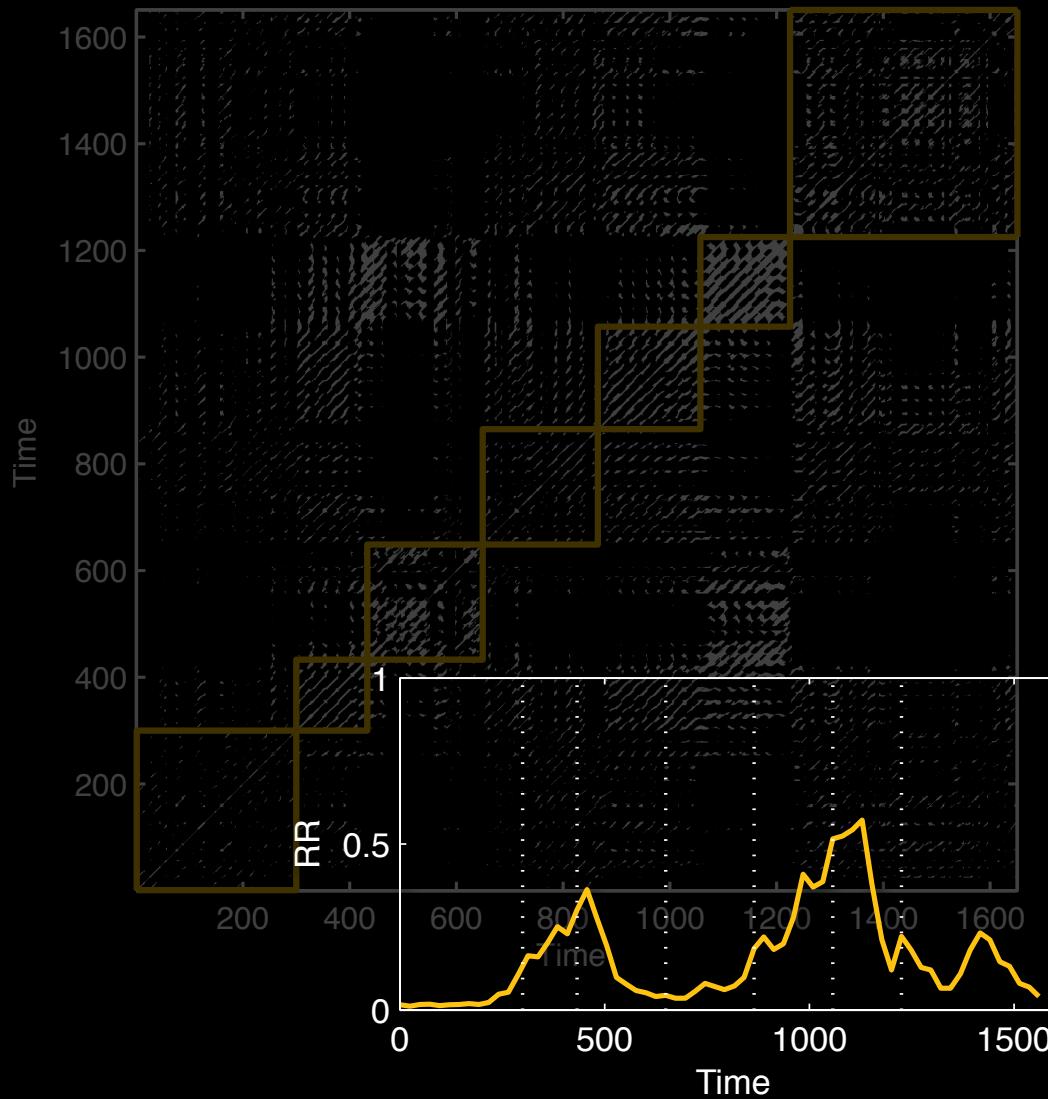
# Reconstruction of solar activity from radiocarbon records



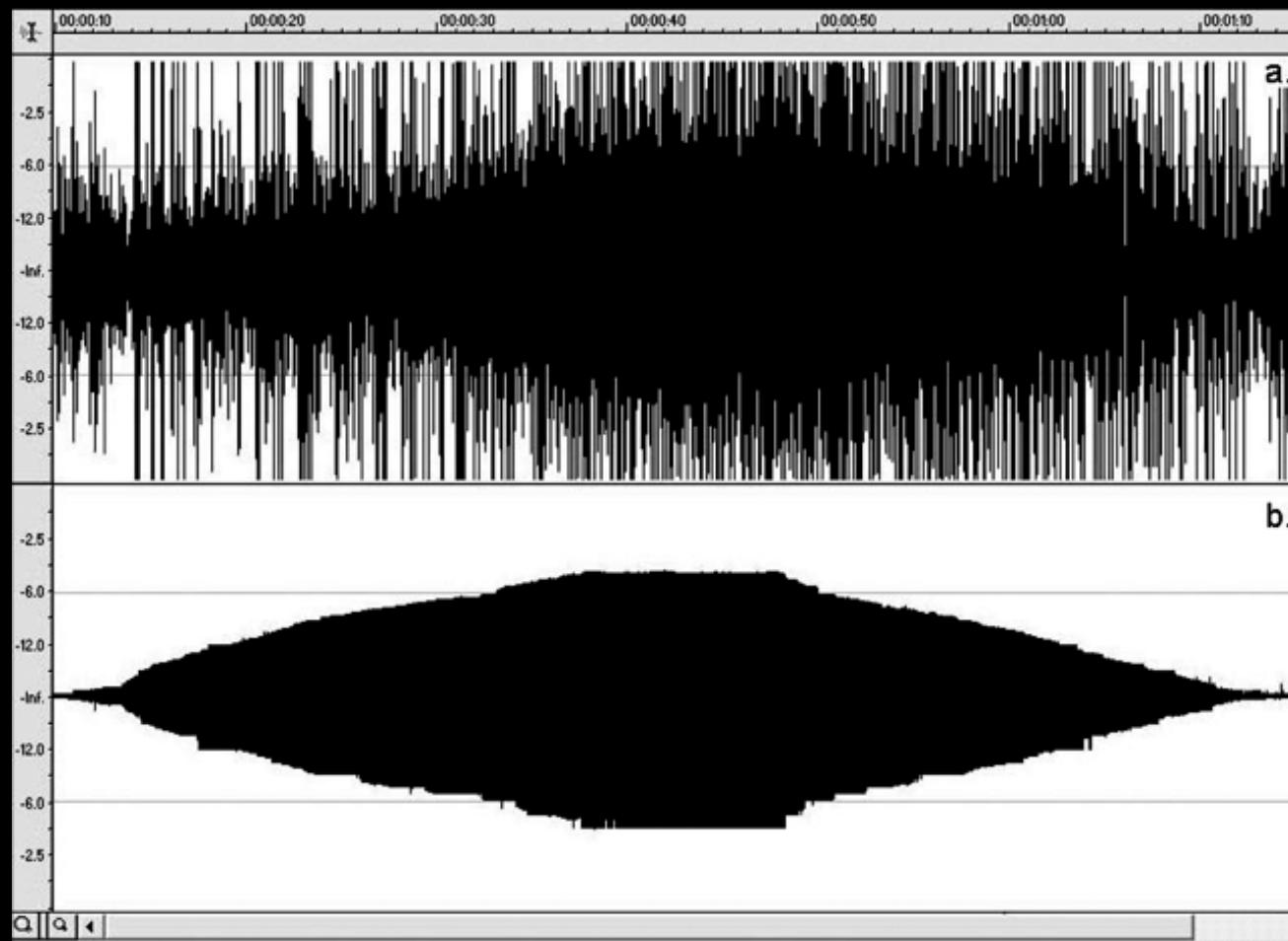
# Dynamics of Oxygen Crises in Lakes



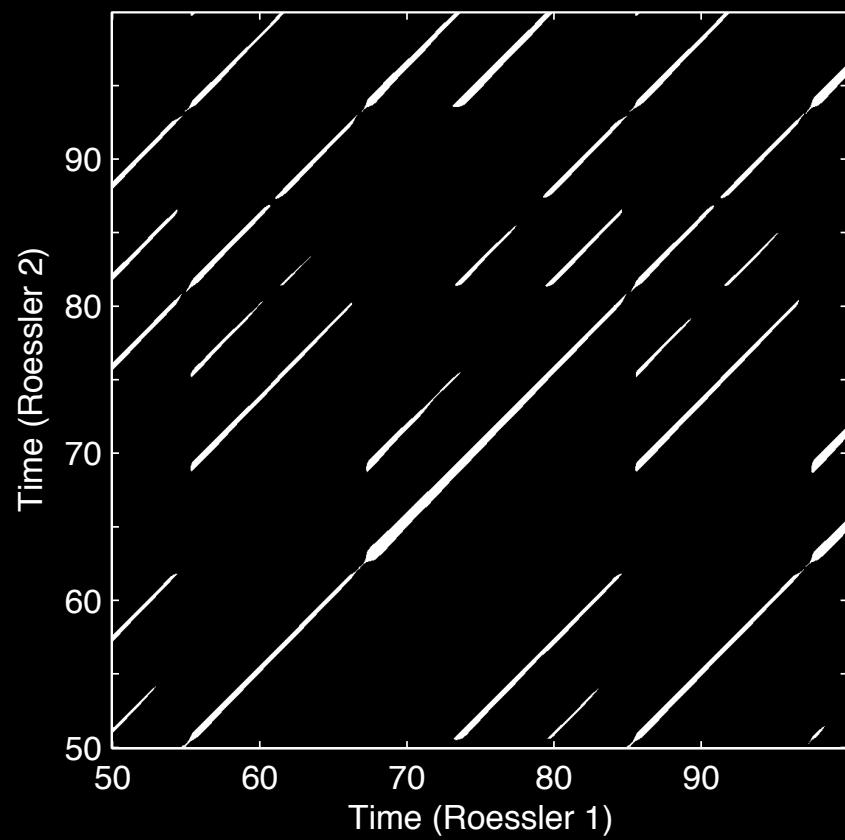
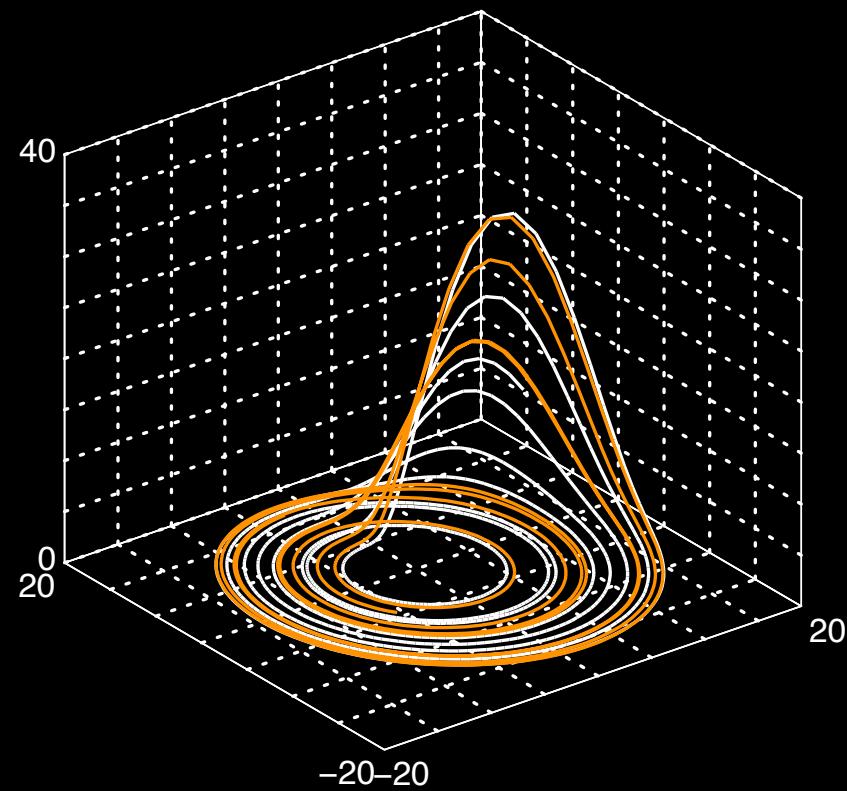
# Dynamics of Oxygen Crises in Lakes



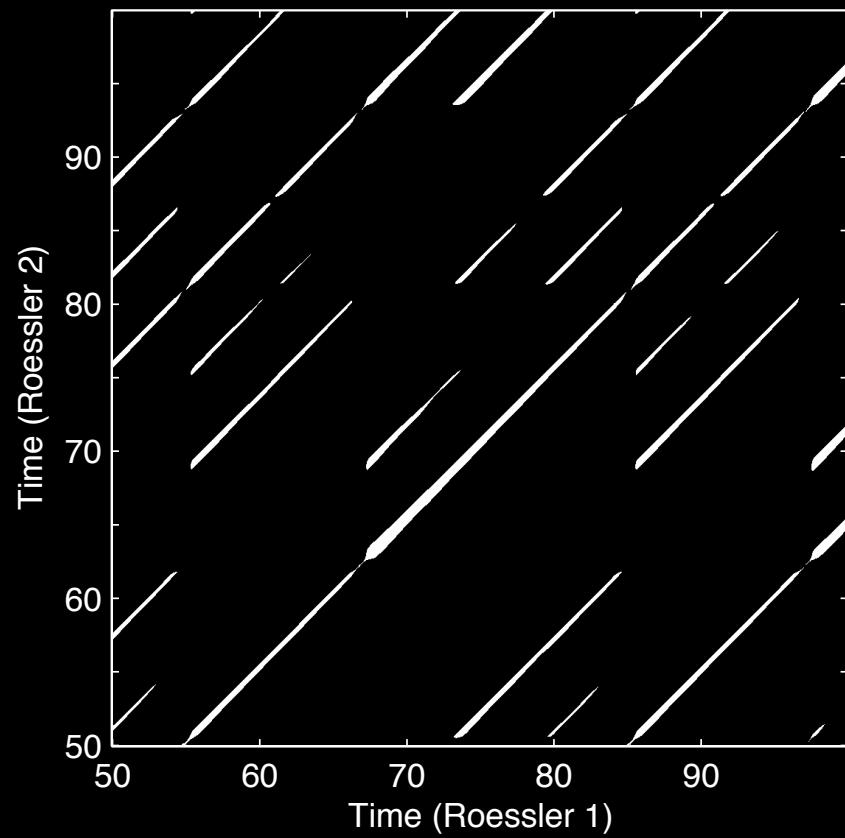
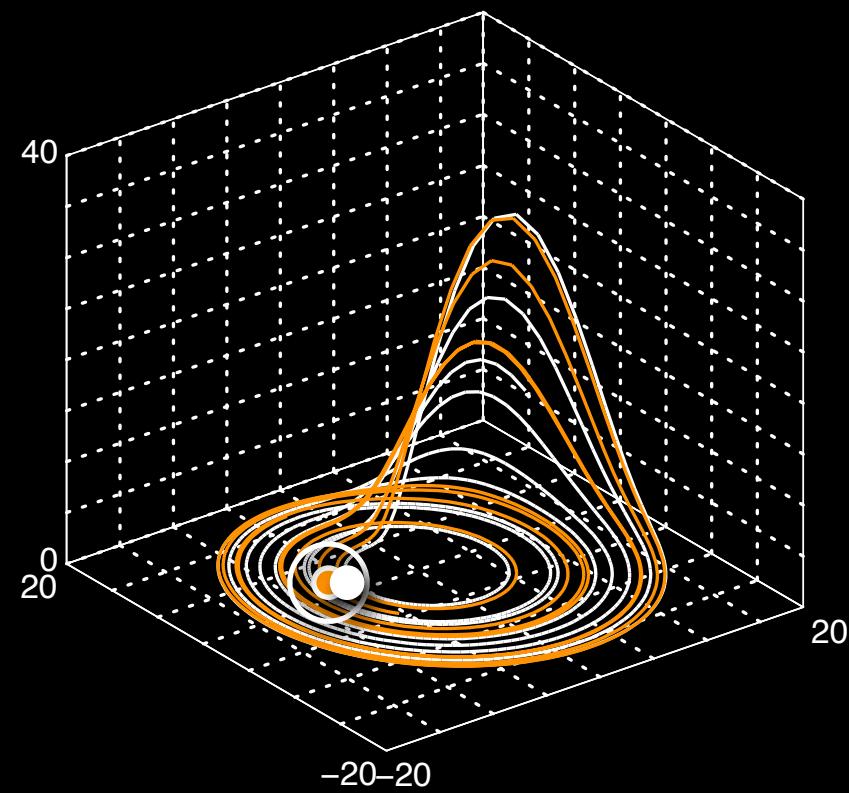
# Studies of Weak External Forcing in Simulated Shear Displacements



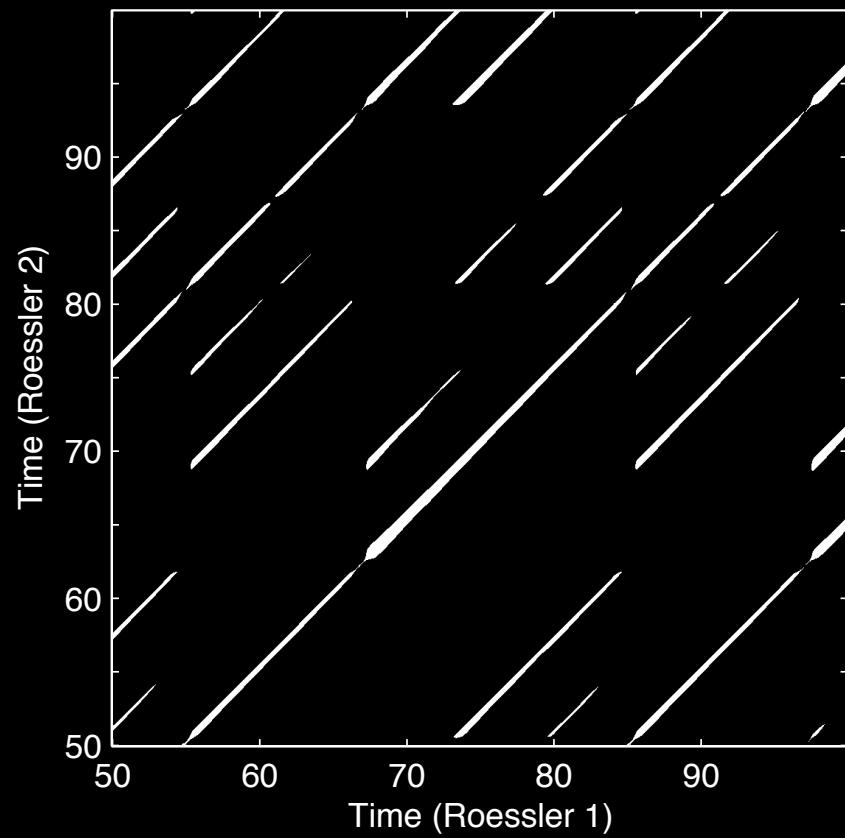
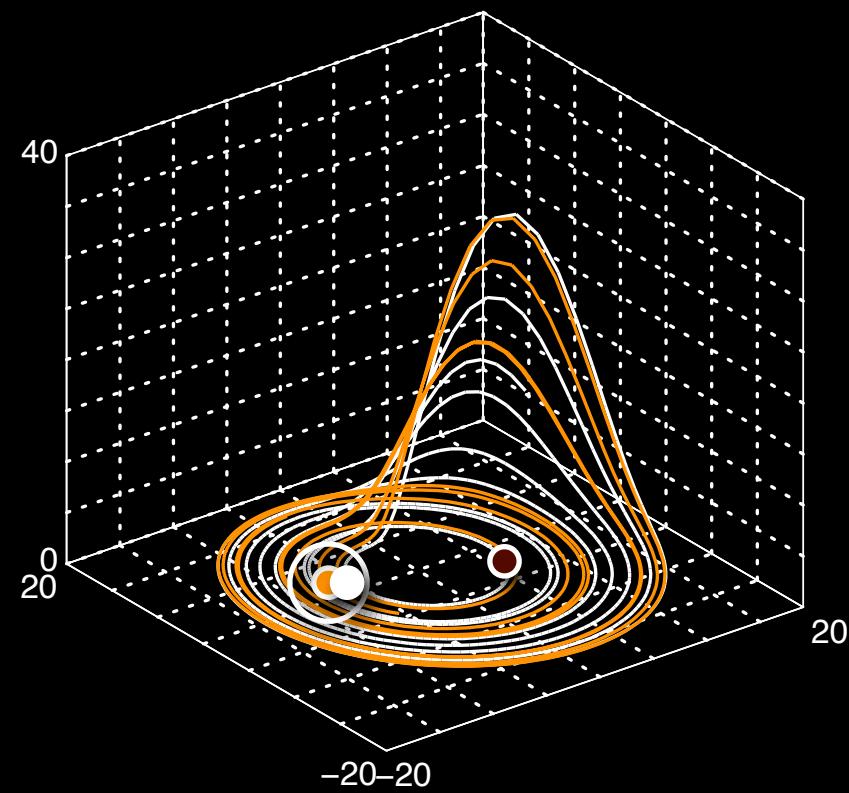
# Cross Recurrence Plot



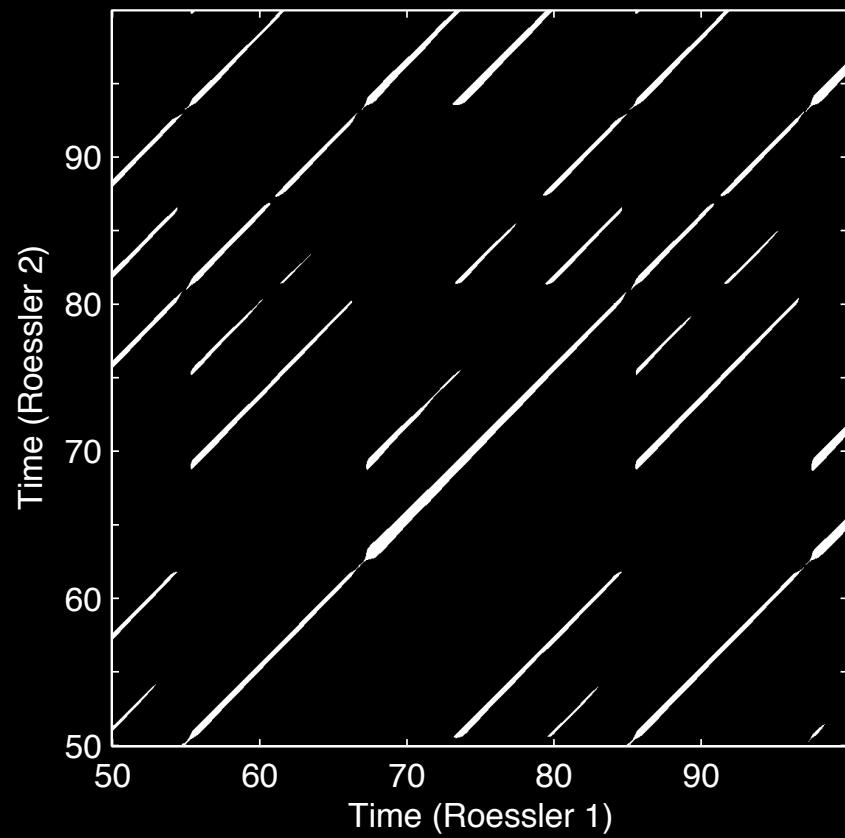
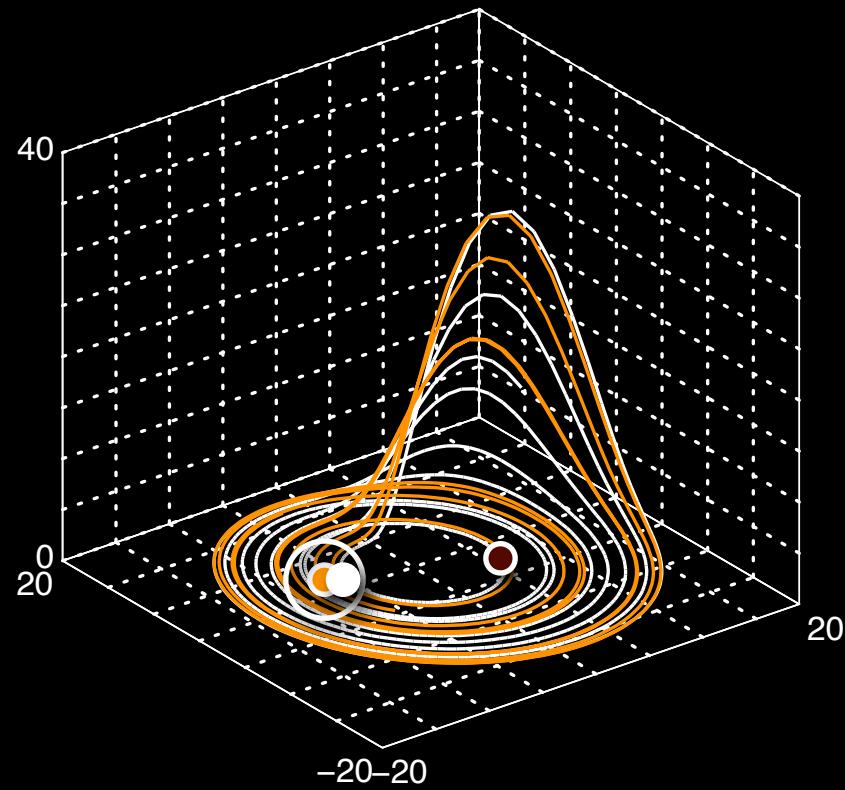
# Cross Recurrence Plot



# Cross Recurrence Plot

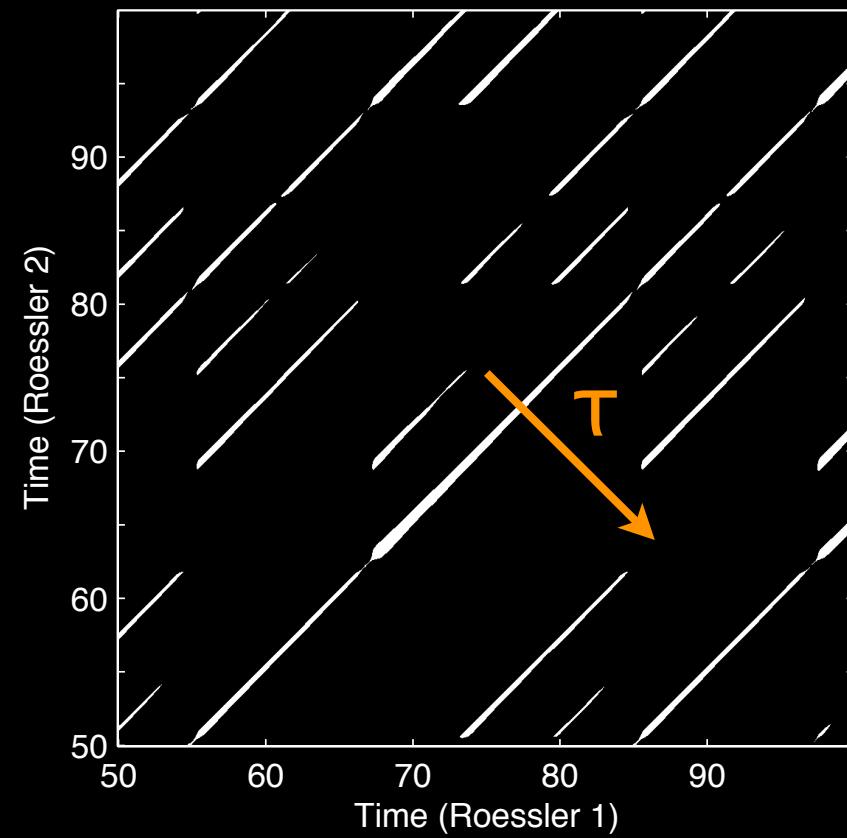
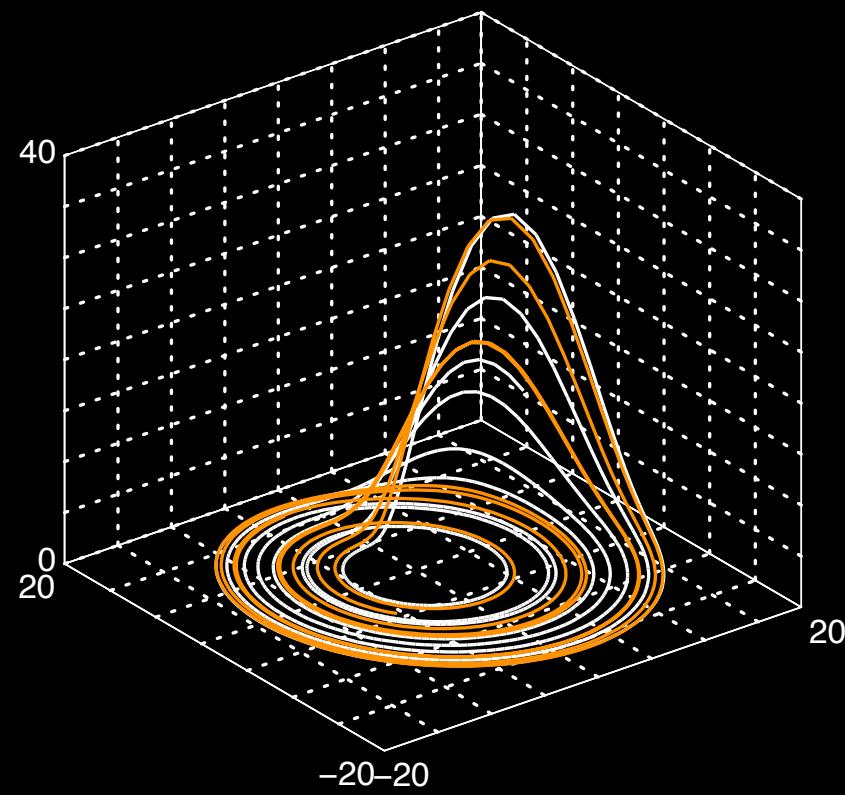


# Cross Recurrence Plot

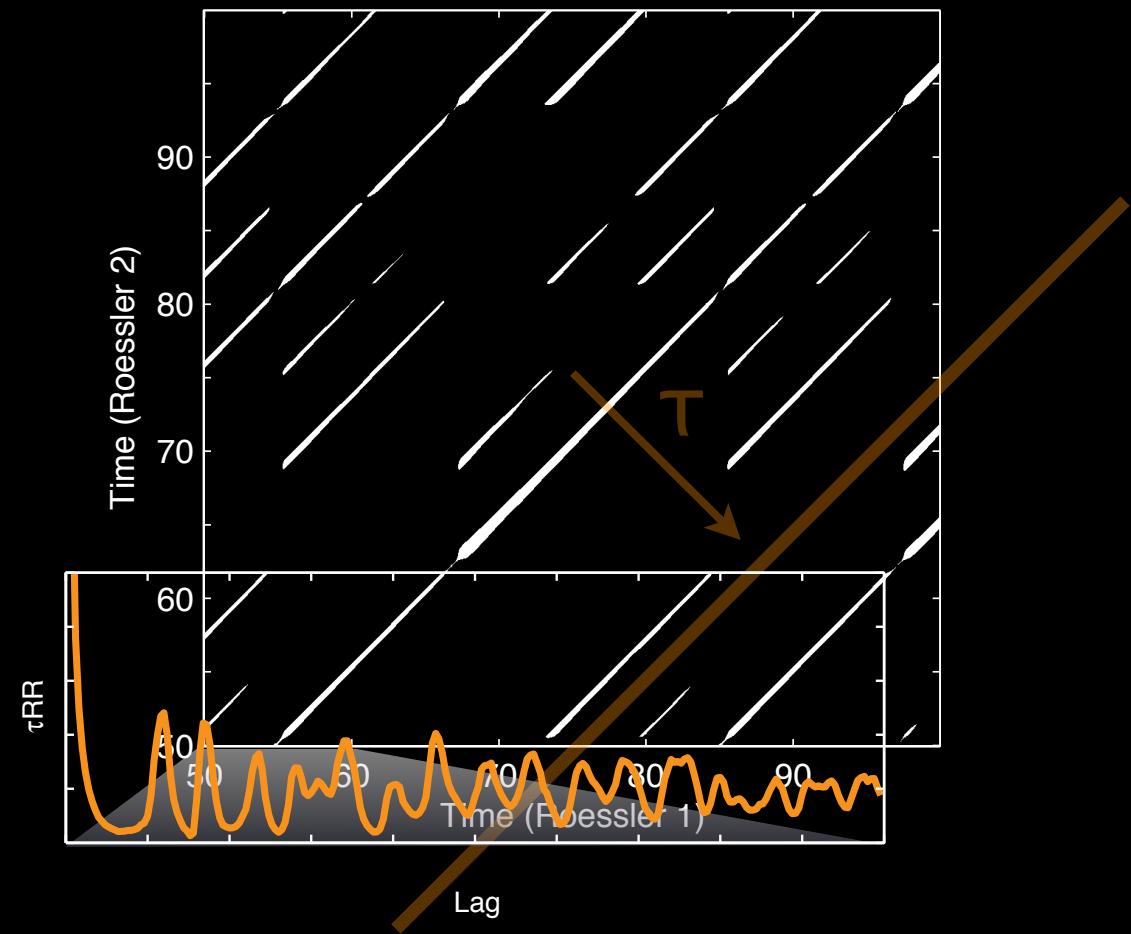
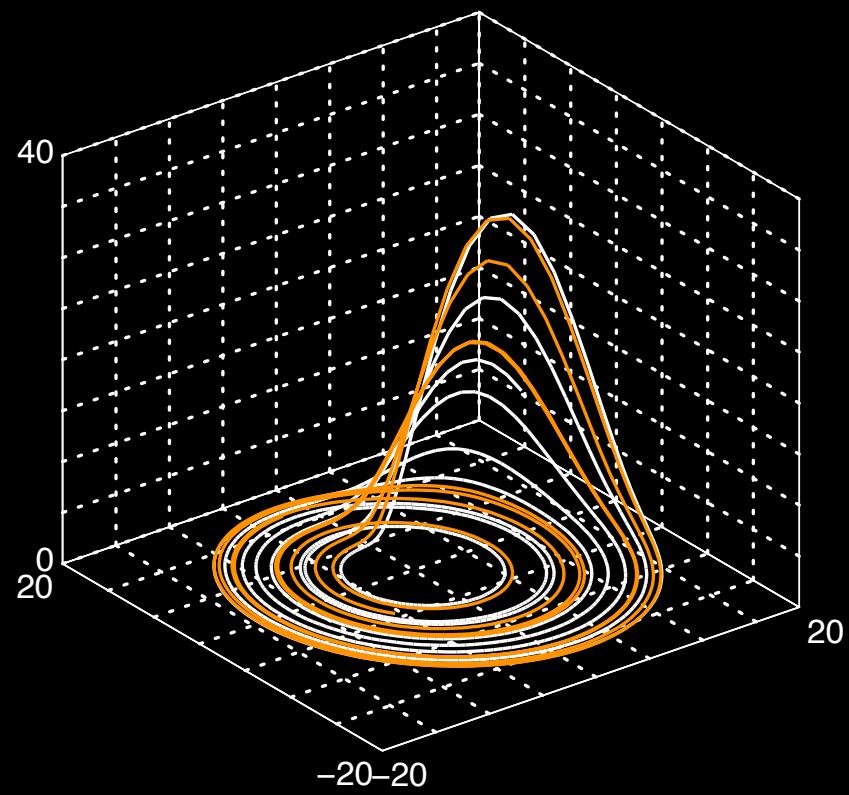


$$\text{CR}_{i,j}^+ = \Theta(\varepsilon - \|\vec{x}_i - \vec{y}_j\|)$$

# Cross Recurrence Plot



# Cross Recurrence Plot



- Detection of interrelations between systems

# Cross Recurrence Quantification

- delay dependent RQA measures

> Recurrence Rate

$$RR(i) = \frac{1}{N-i} \sum_{j=1}^{N-i} \left( \mathbf{CR}_{j, j+i}^+ - \mathbf{CR}_{j, j+i}^- \right)$$

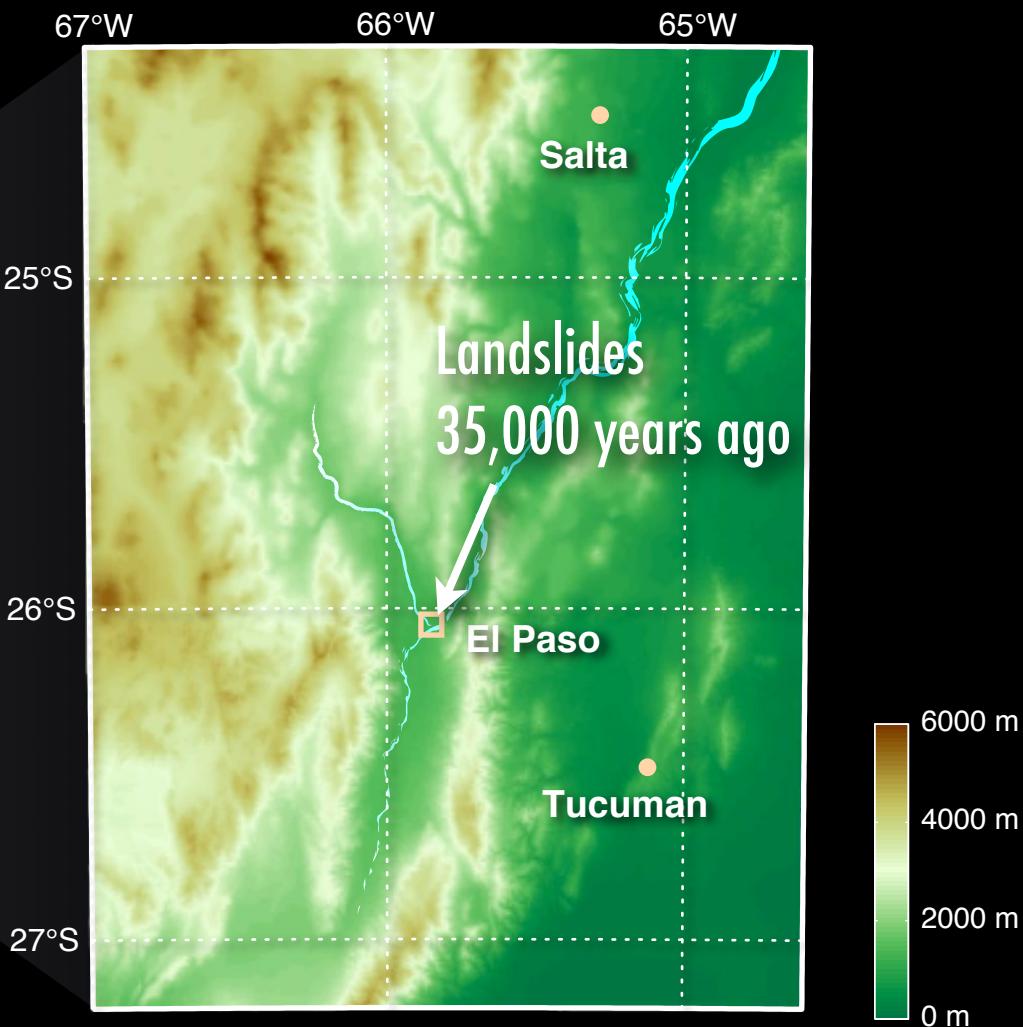
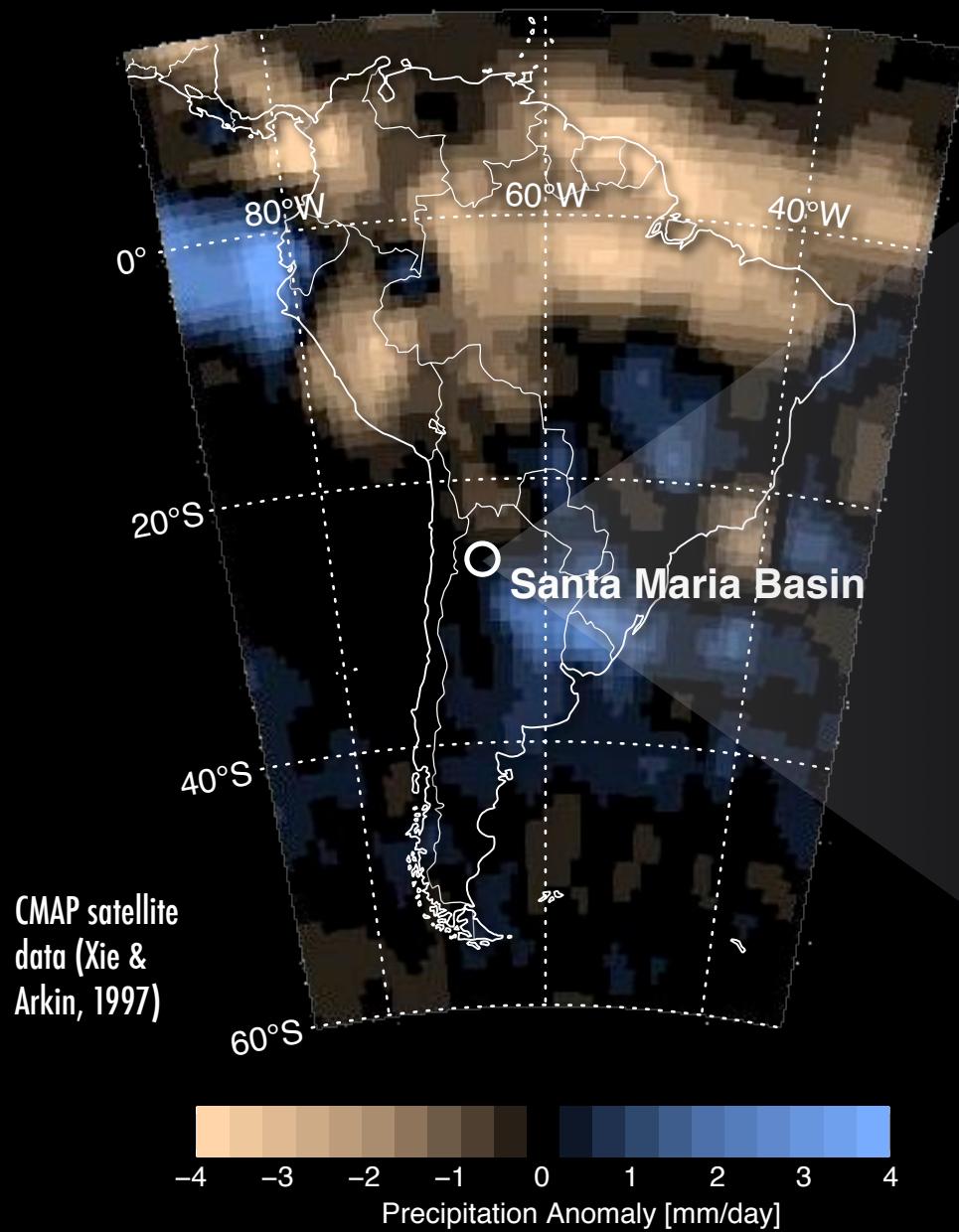
Probability that  
similar states  
occur after  
given delay

> Mean Diagonal Line Length

$$L(i) = \frac{\sum_{l=l_{min}}^{N-i} l [P^+(l, i) - P^-(l, i)]}{\sum_{l=l_{min}}^{N-i} [P^+(l, i) - P^-(l, i)]}$$

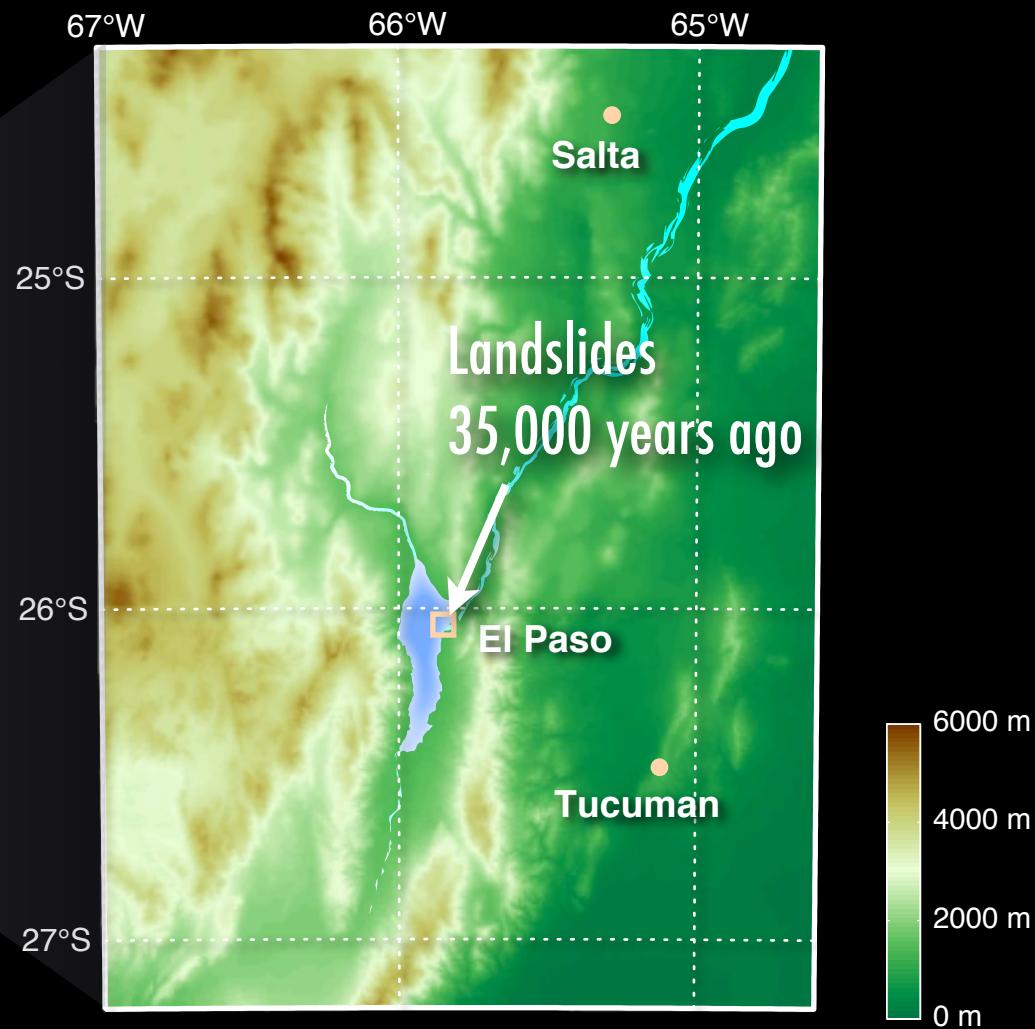
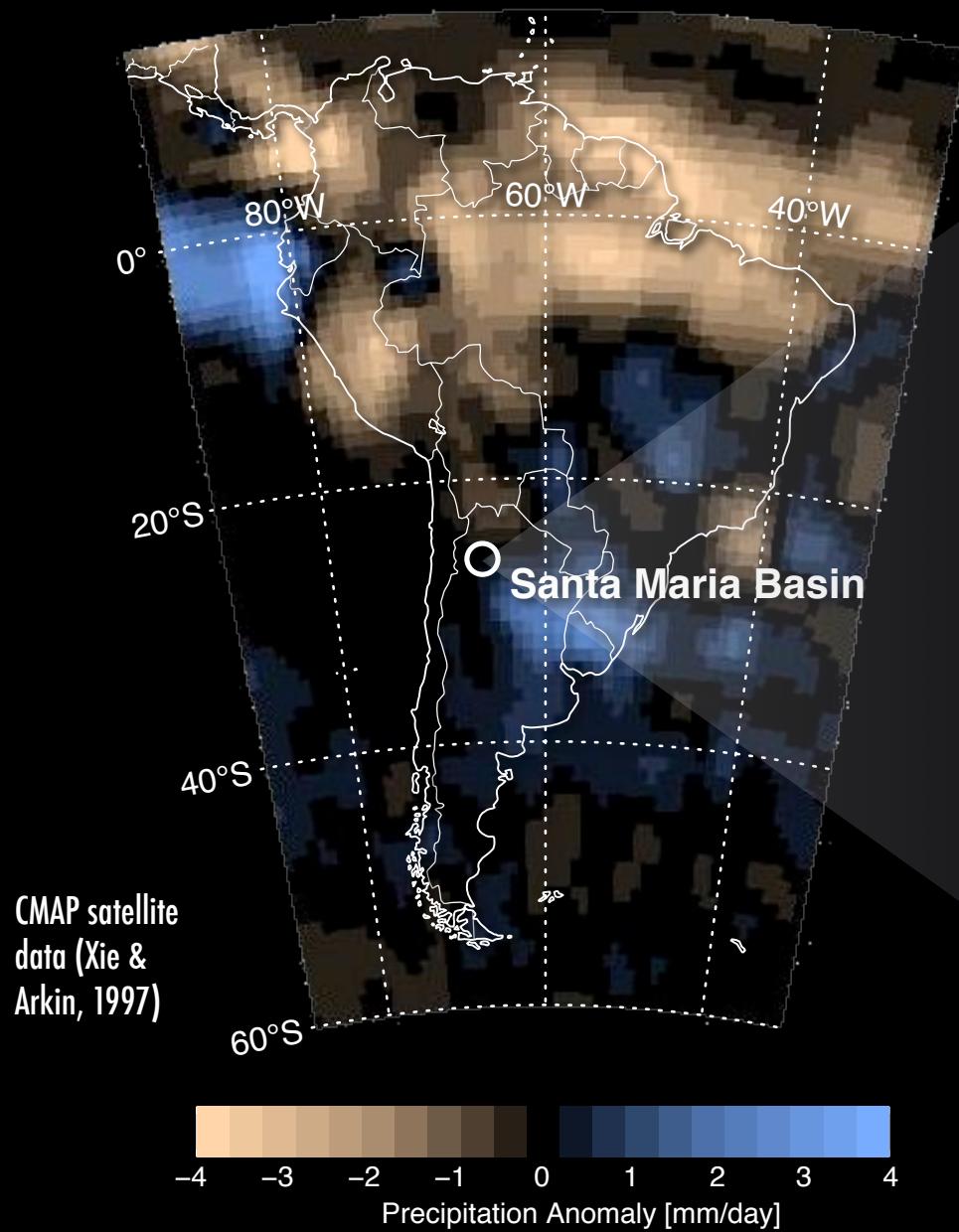
# El Niño Southern Oscillation

Marwan, Trauth, Vuille, Kurths, Climate Dynamics, 21, 2003



Santa Maria Basin

# El Niño Southern Oscillation



Santa Maria Basin

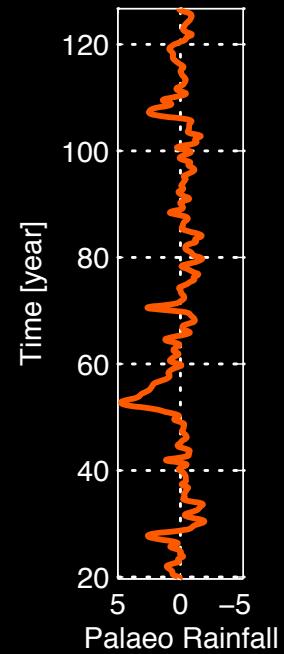
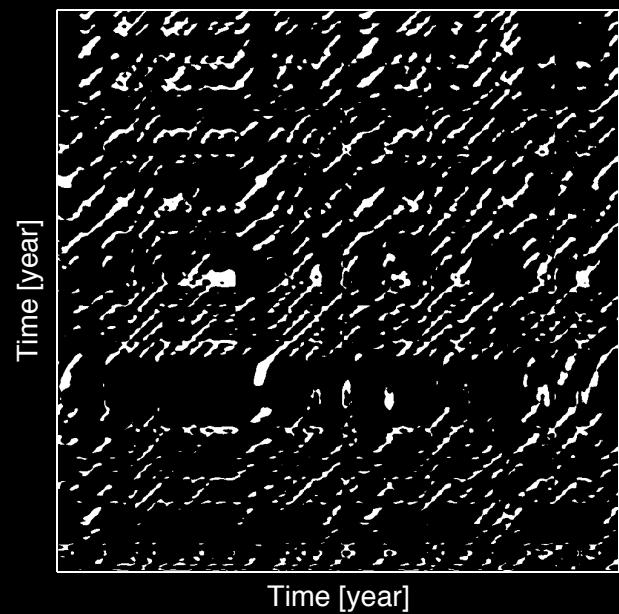
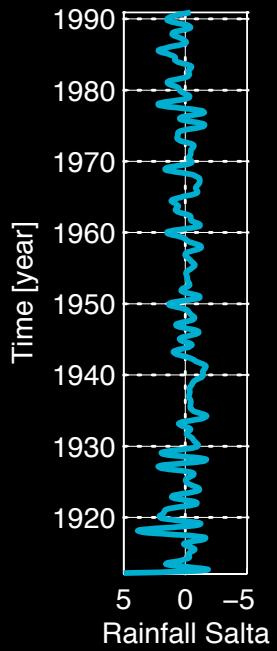
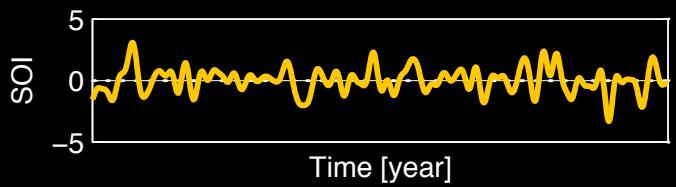
# Landslides and Lake Sediments



# Varved Lake Sediments

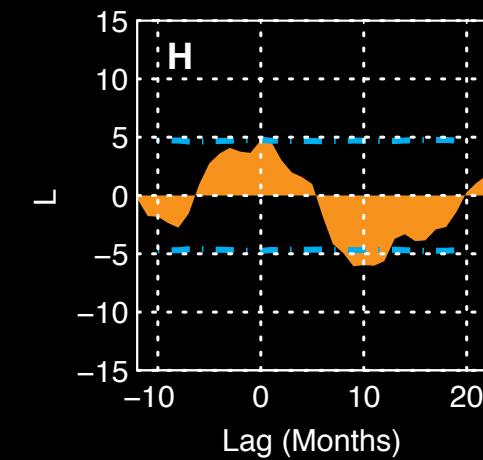
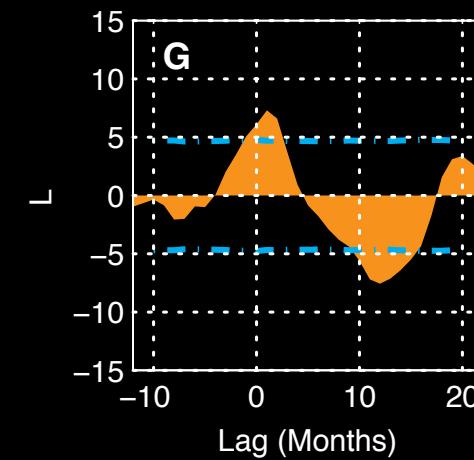
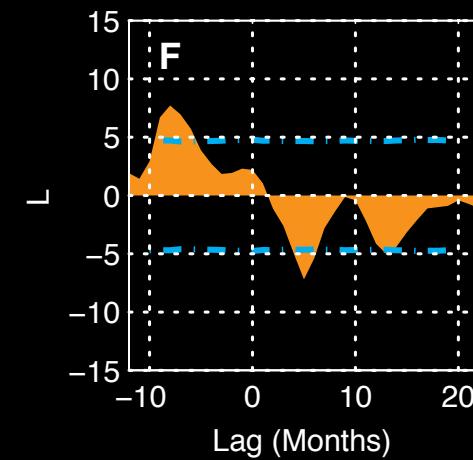
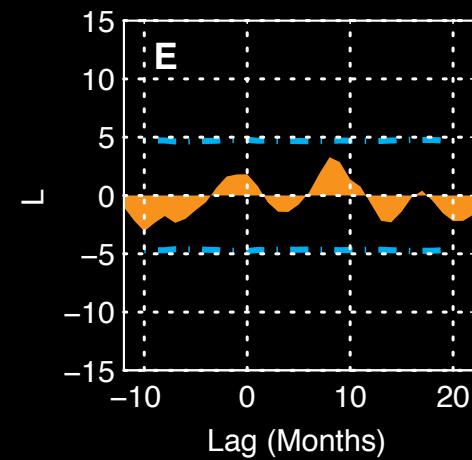
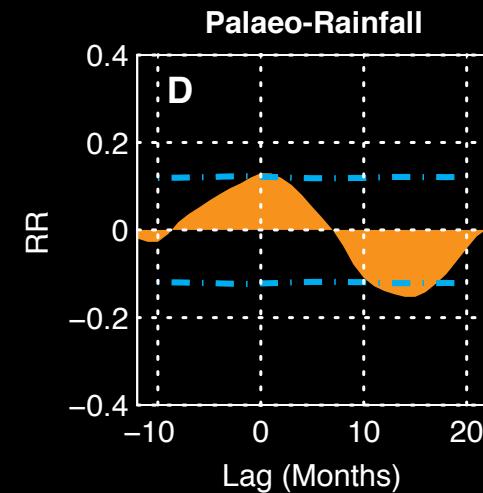
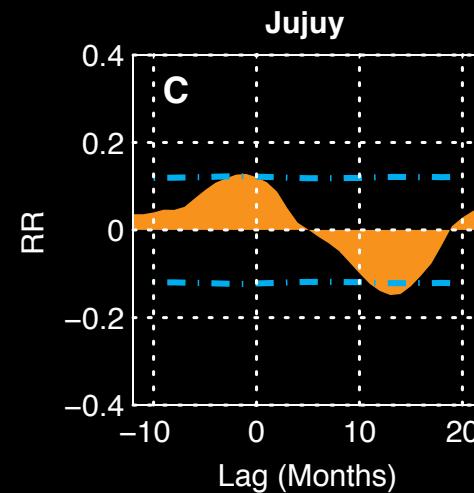
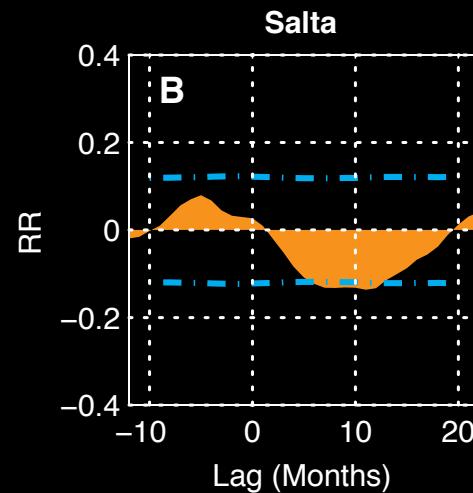
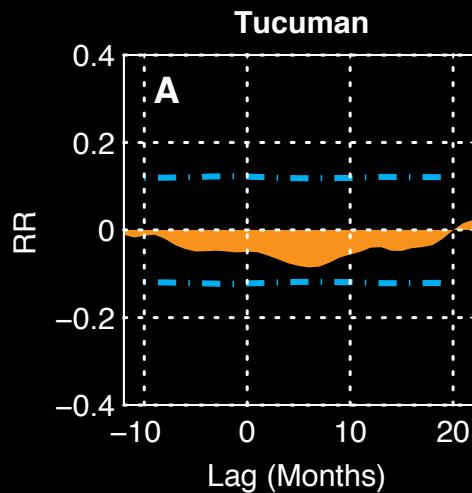


# Cross Recurrence Plot



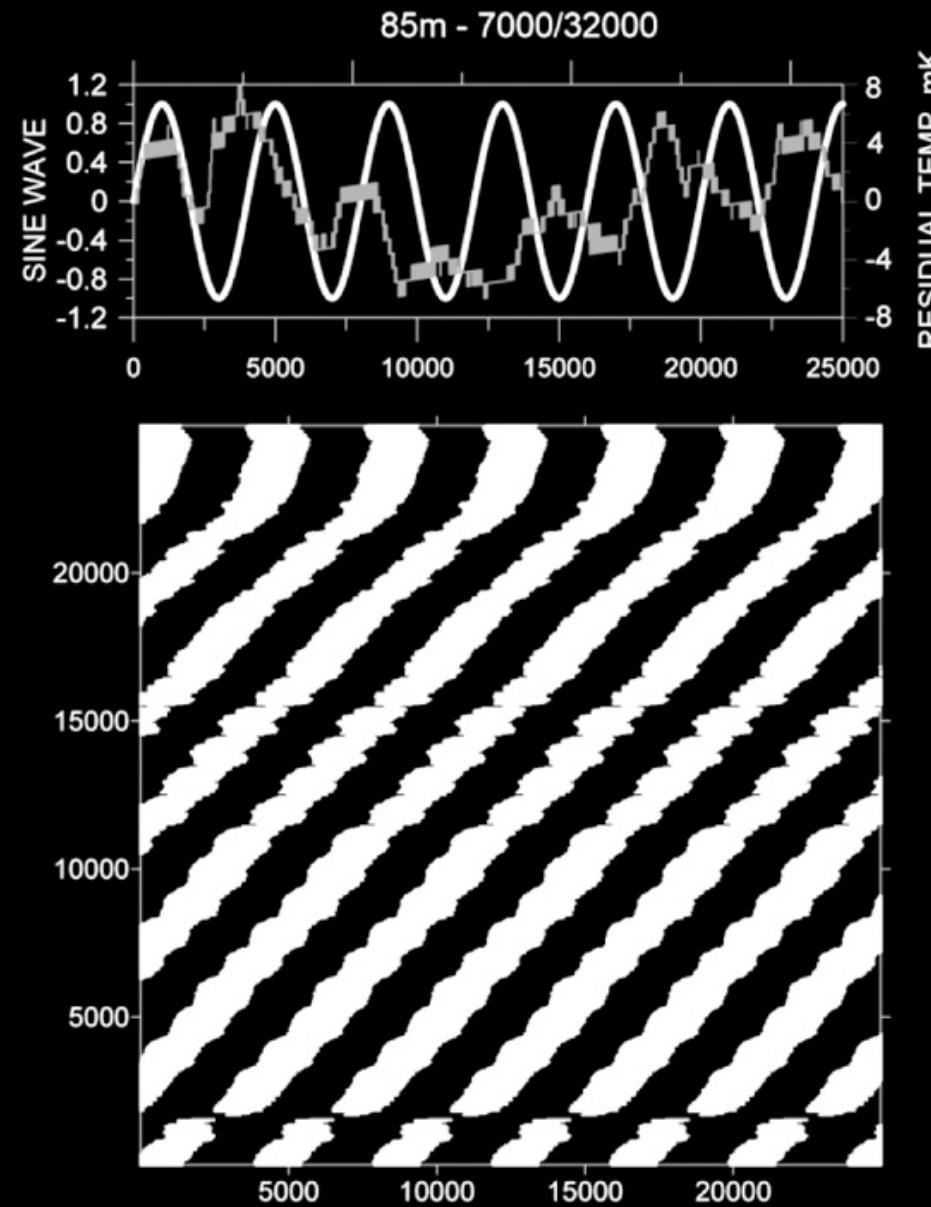
# Cross Recurrence Quantification

South ← → North



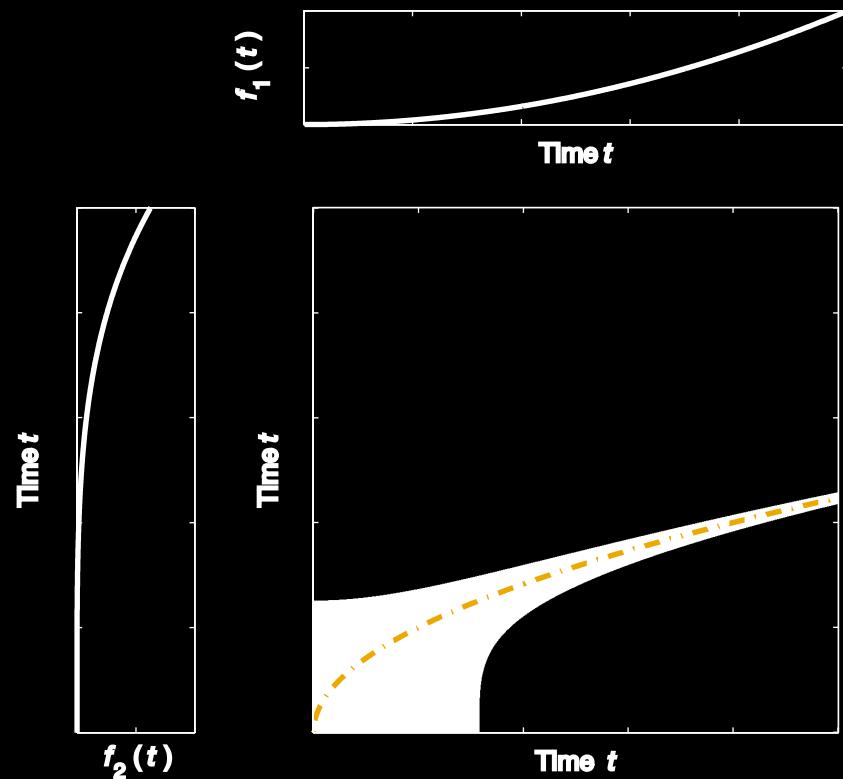
Similar patterns of interrelation

# Intra-Borehole Convection Dynamics

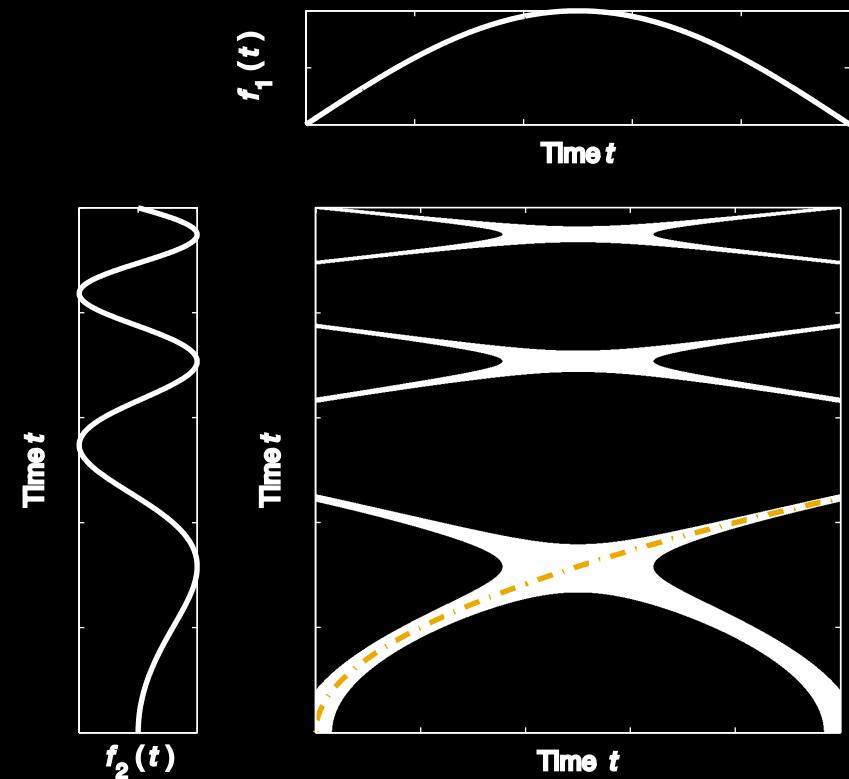


# Time Scale Alignment

$$f(t) = t^2$$

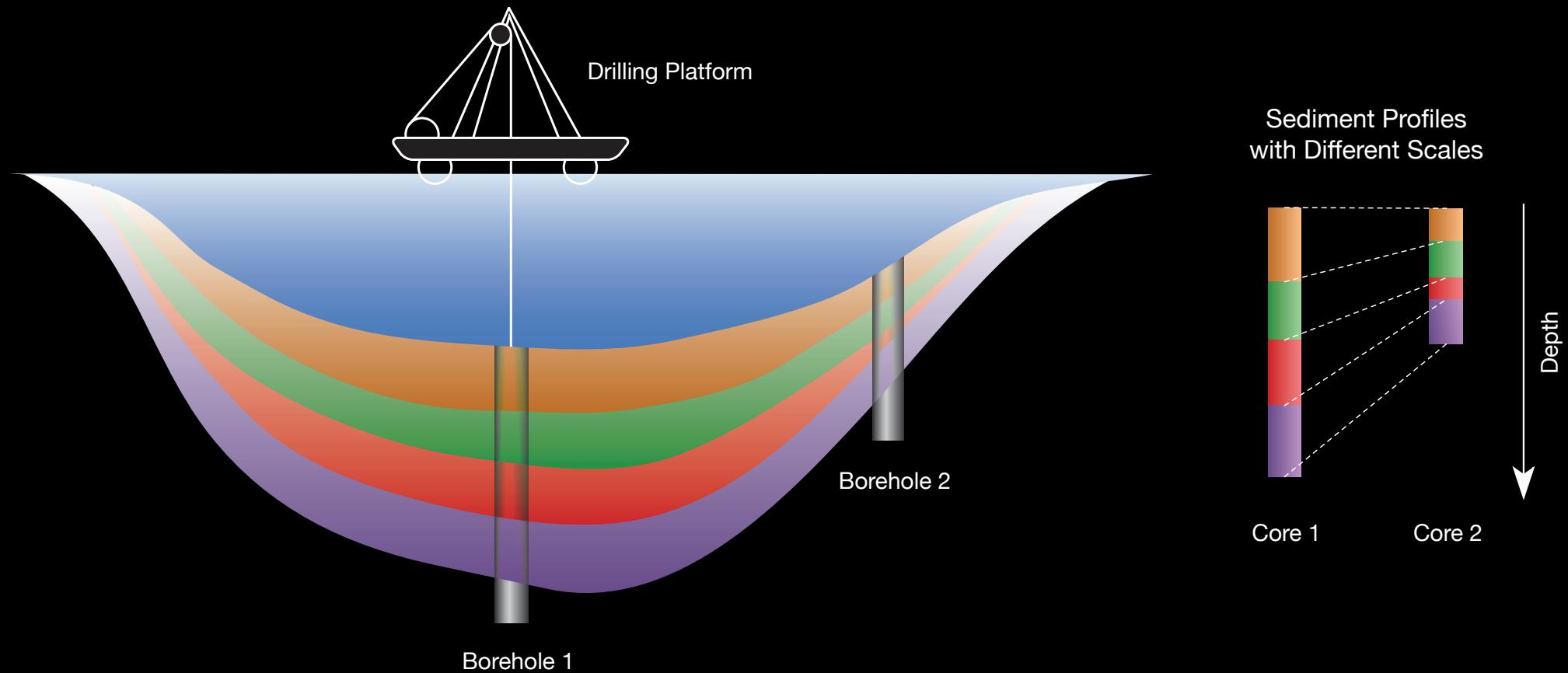


$$f(t) = \sin(\pi t)$$

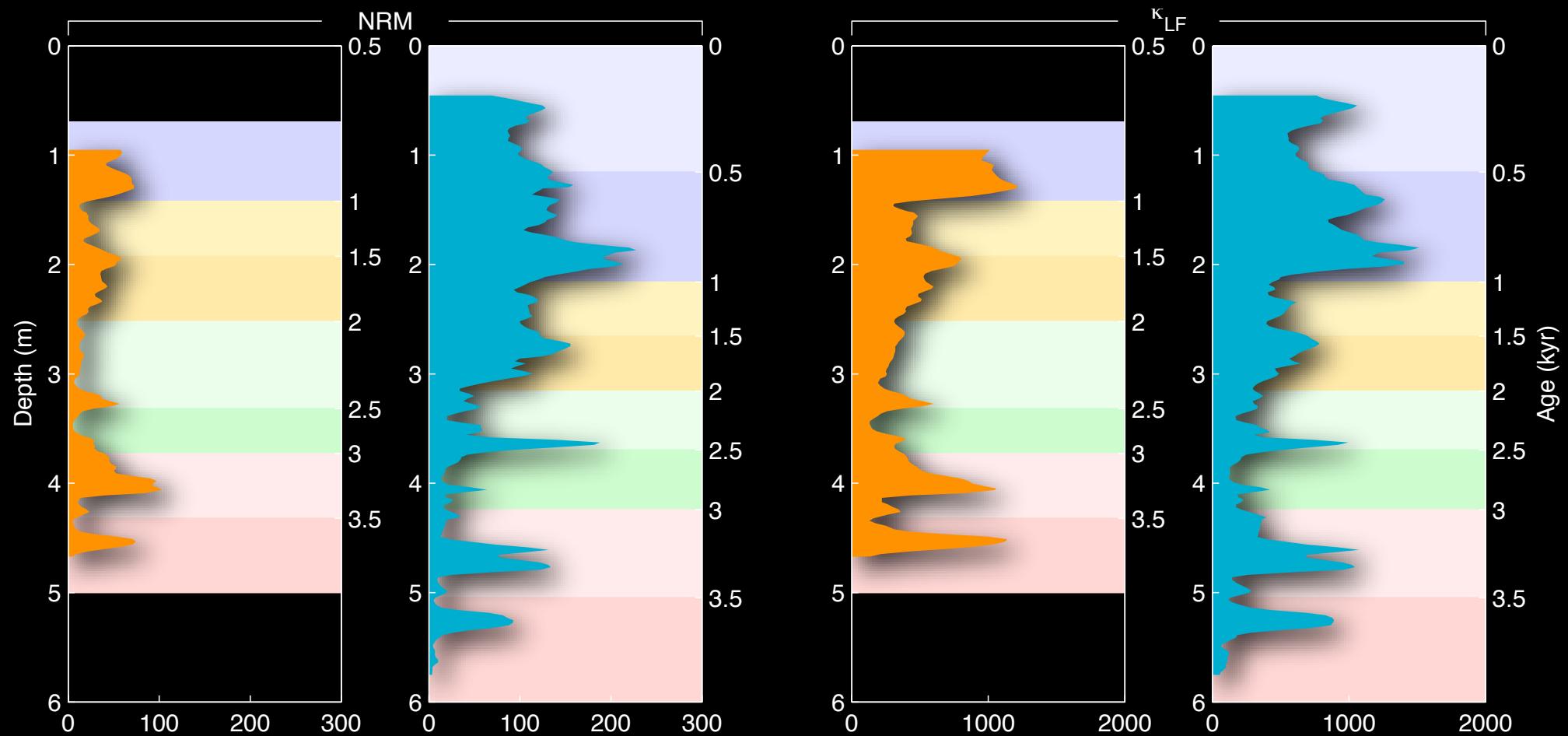


$$T_1 = t \quad T_2 = 5t^2$$

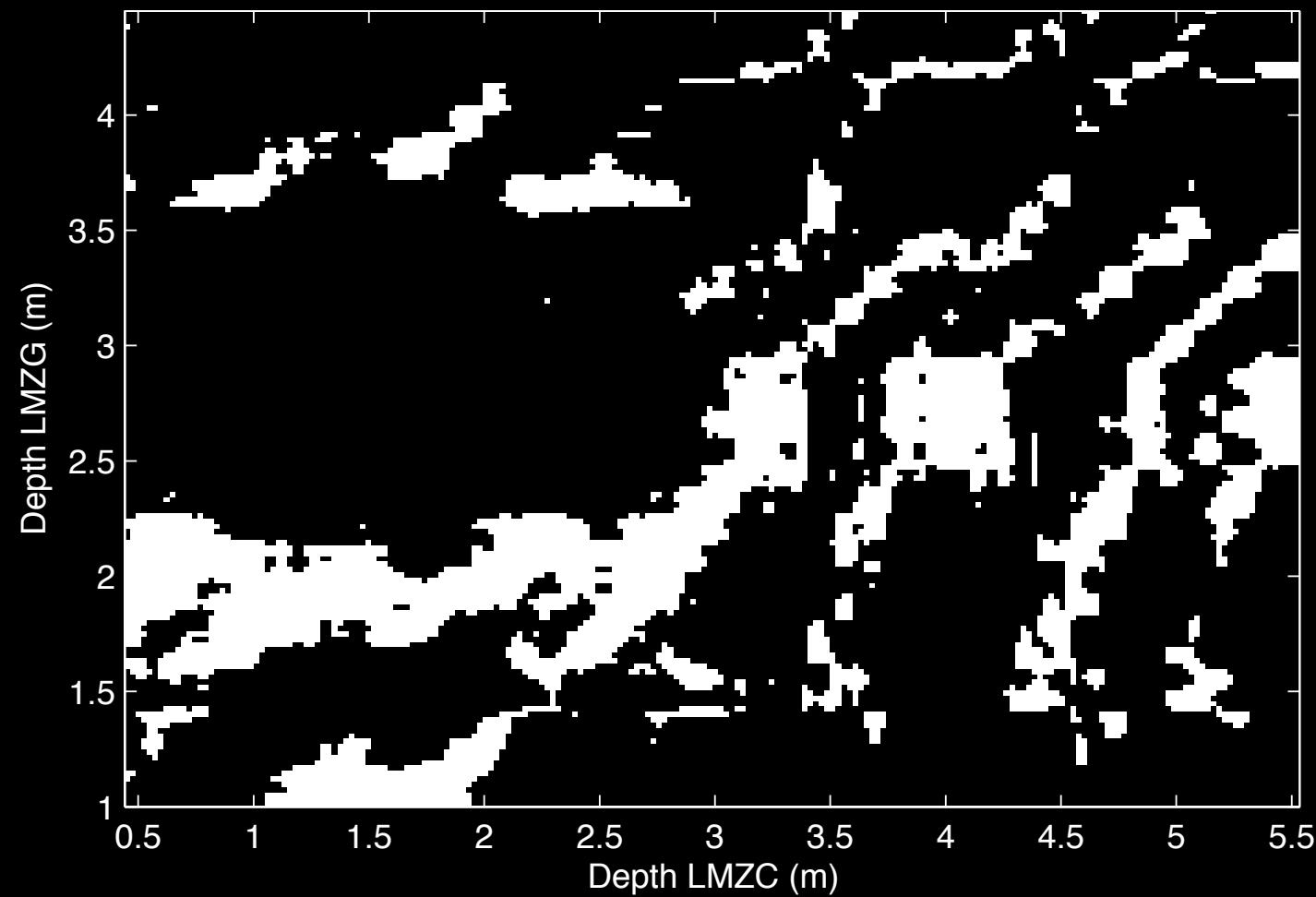
# Time Scale Alignment



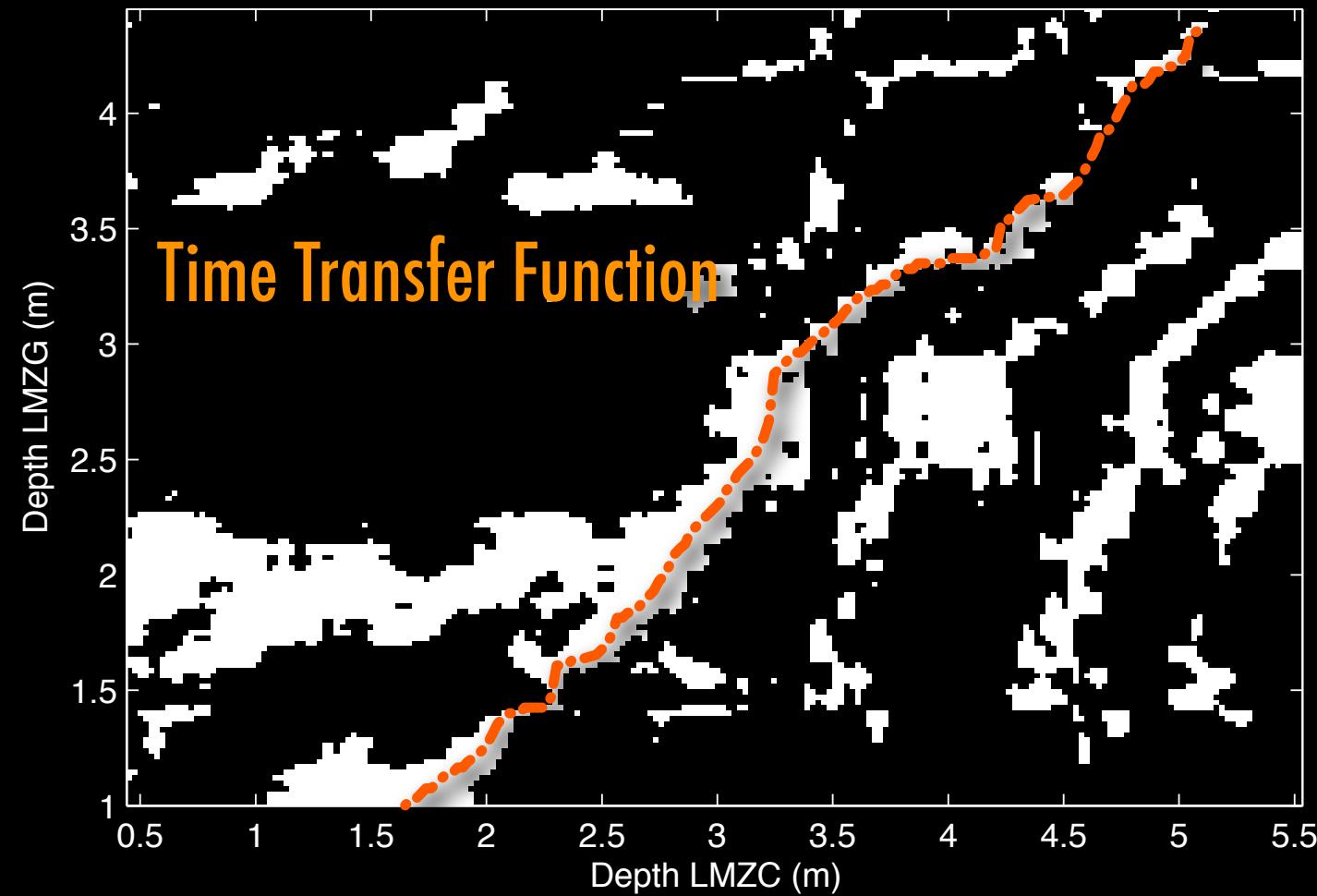
# Rock-Magnetic Measurements



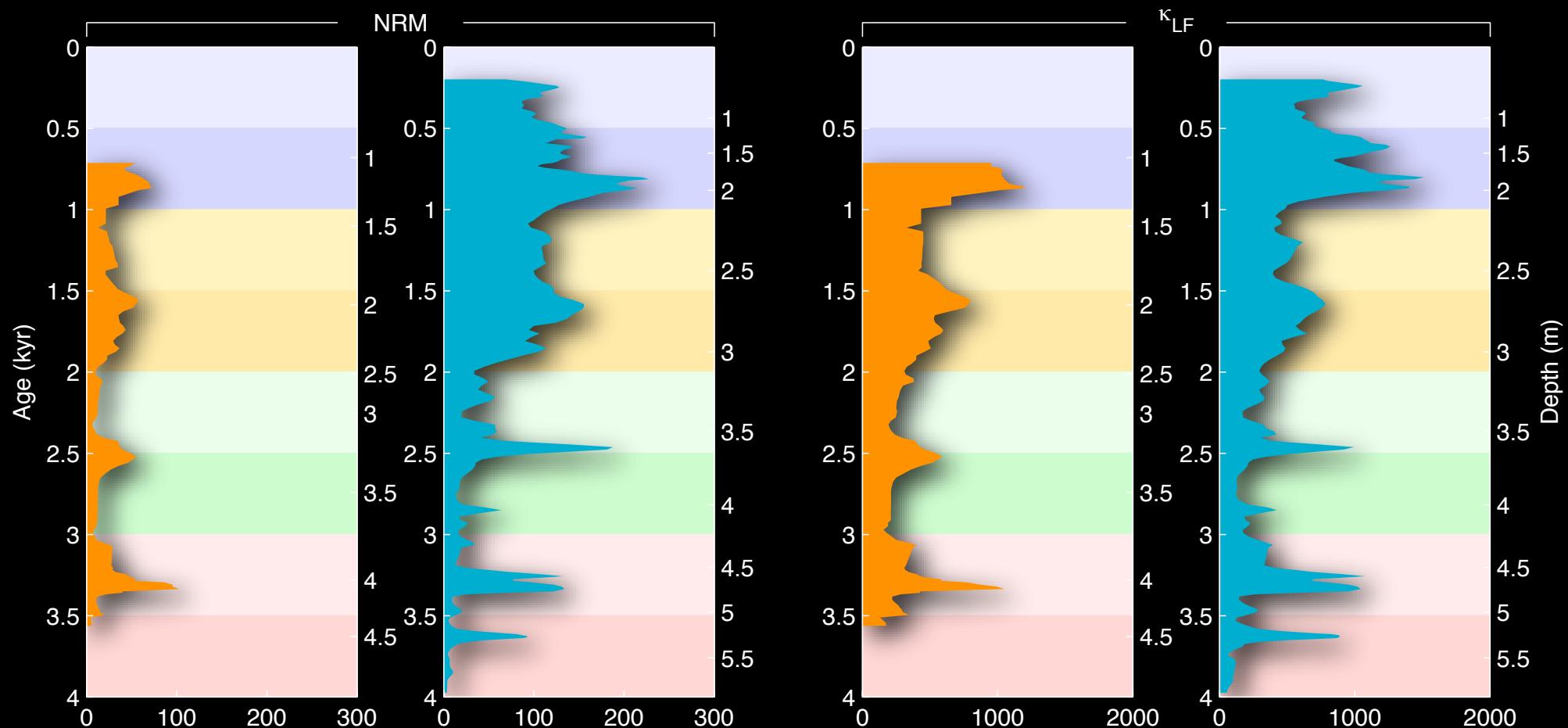
# Cross Recurrence Plot



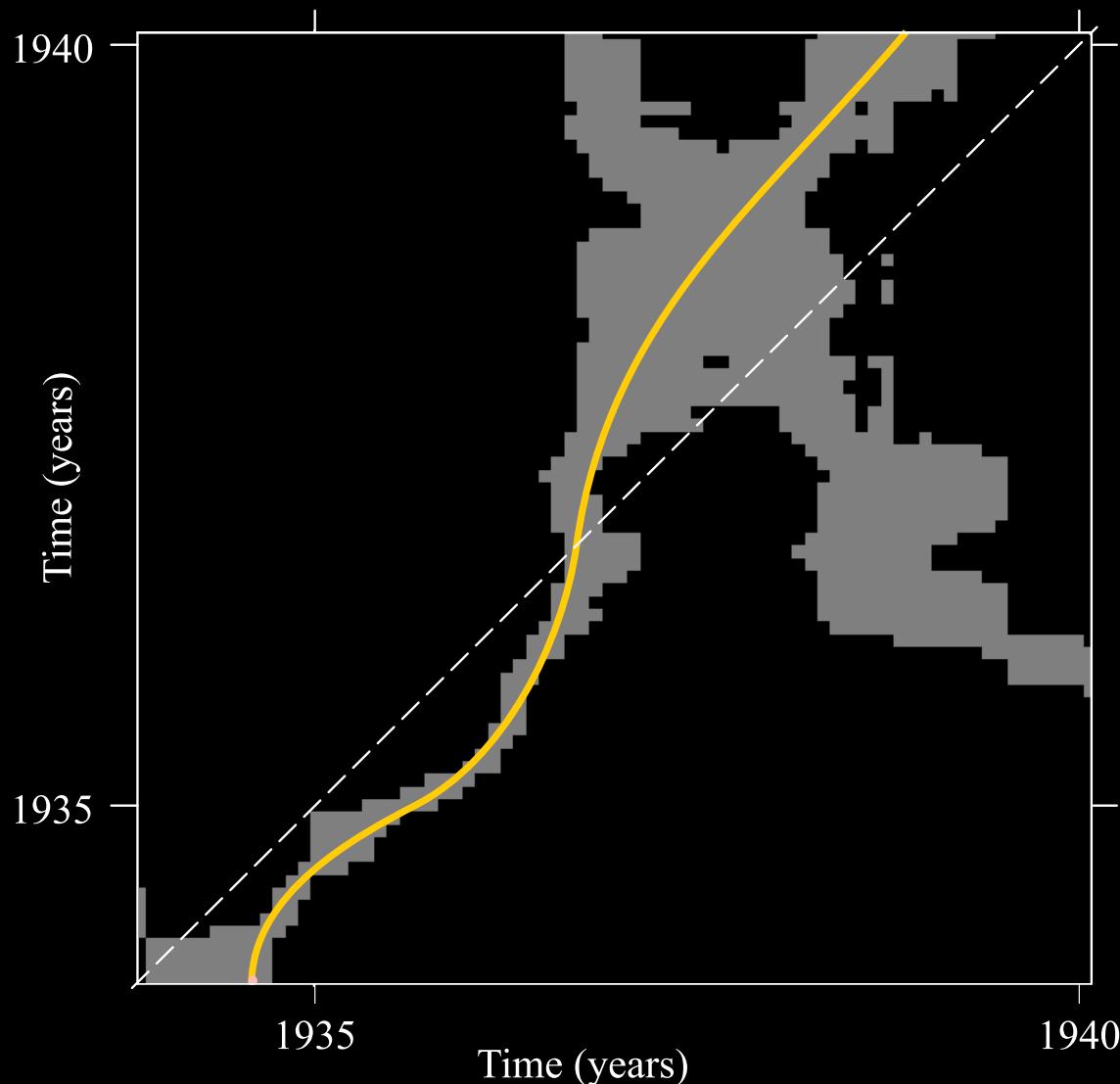
# Cross Recurrence Plot



# Time Scale Adjustment

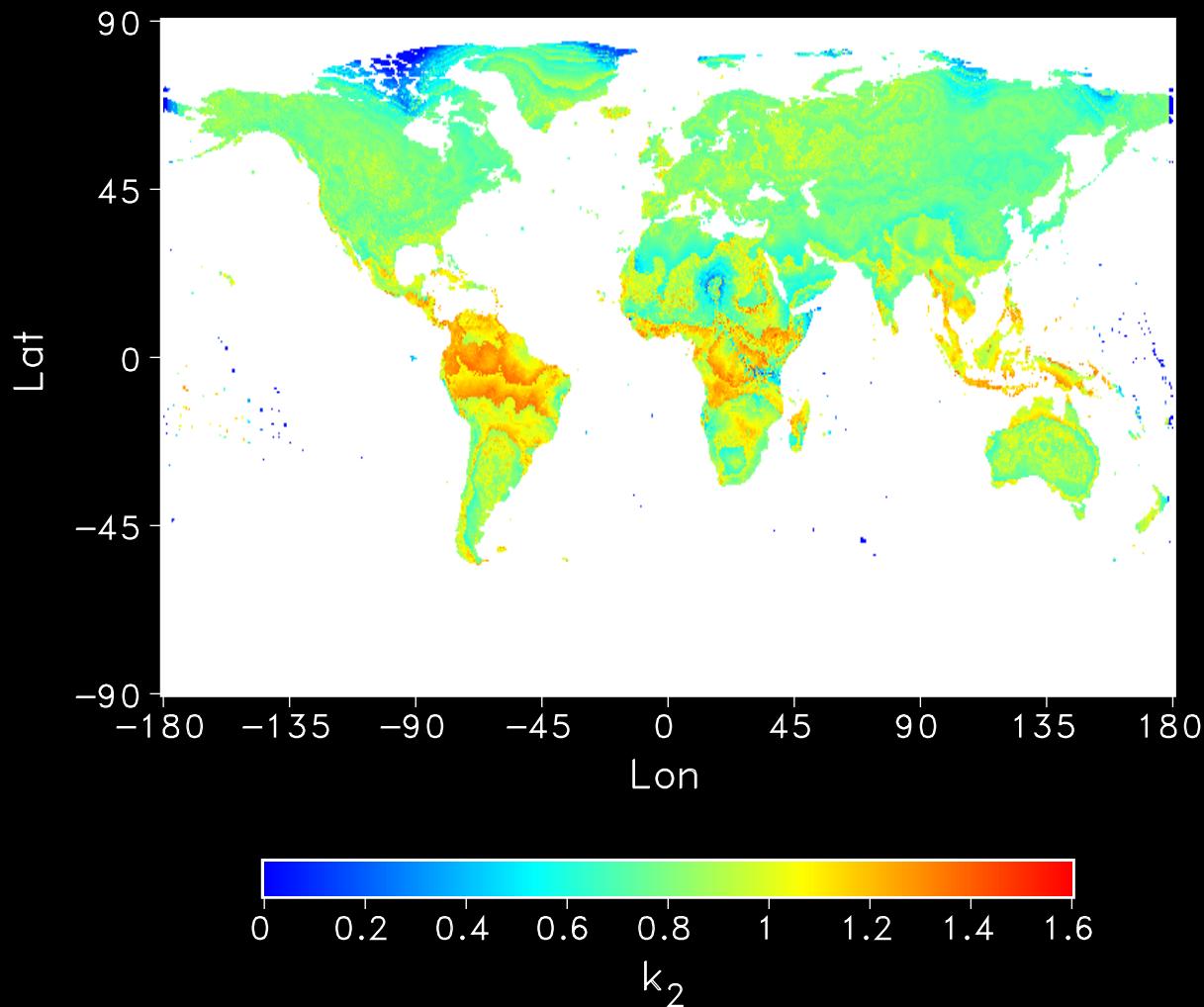


# Hemispherical Asymmetry in Solar Activity

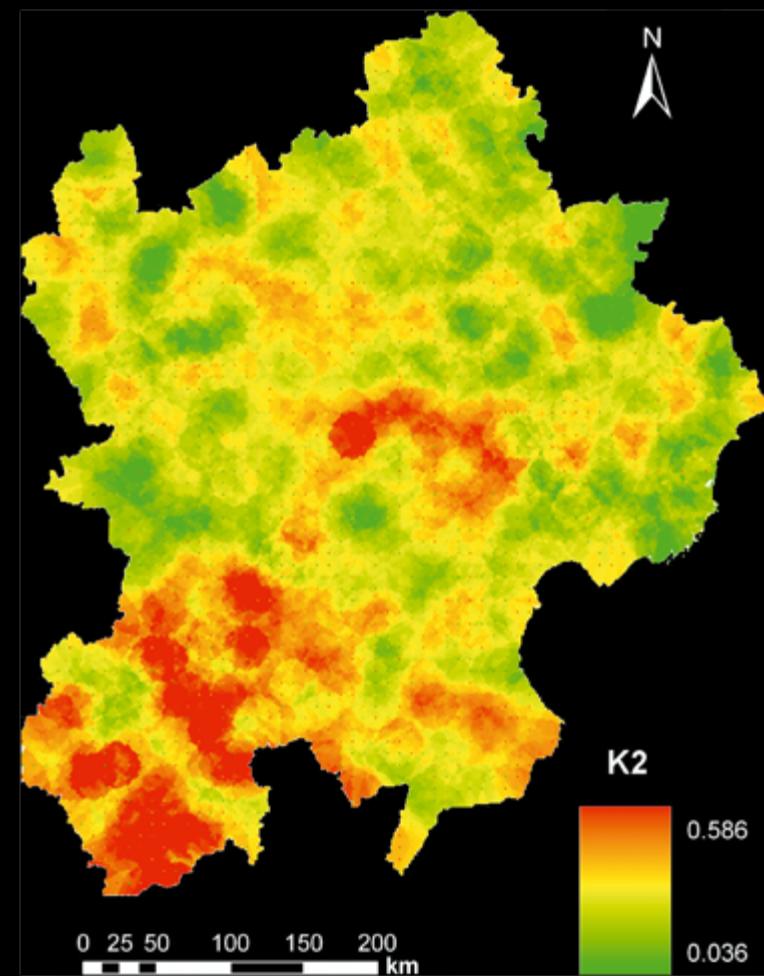
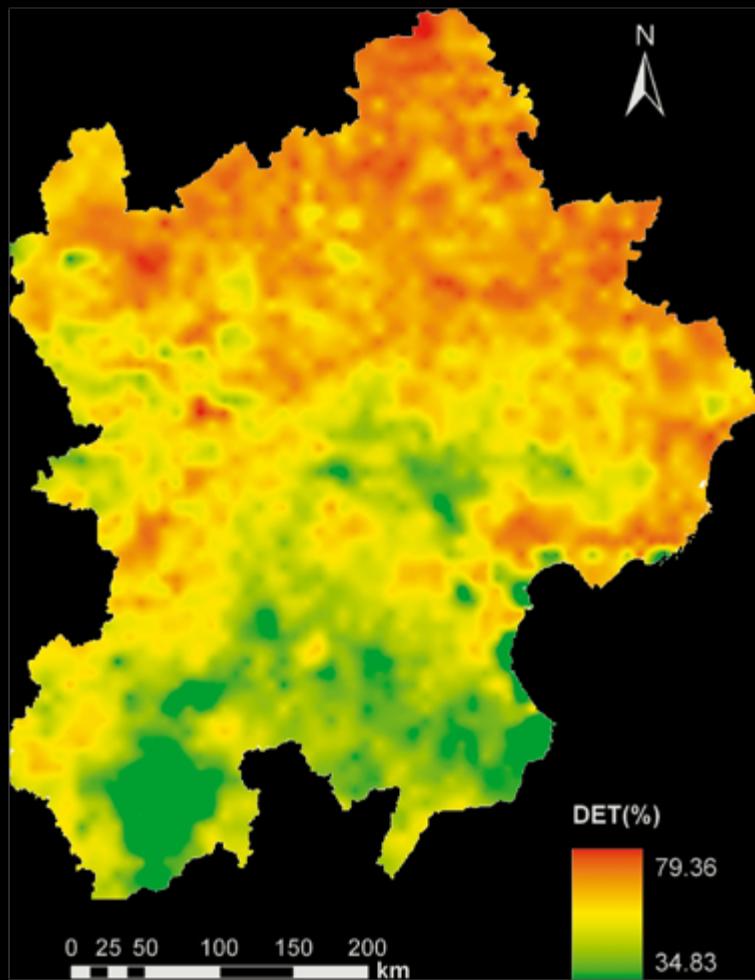


# Long-term Predictability of Global Temperature

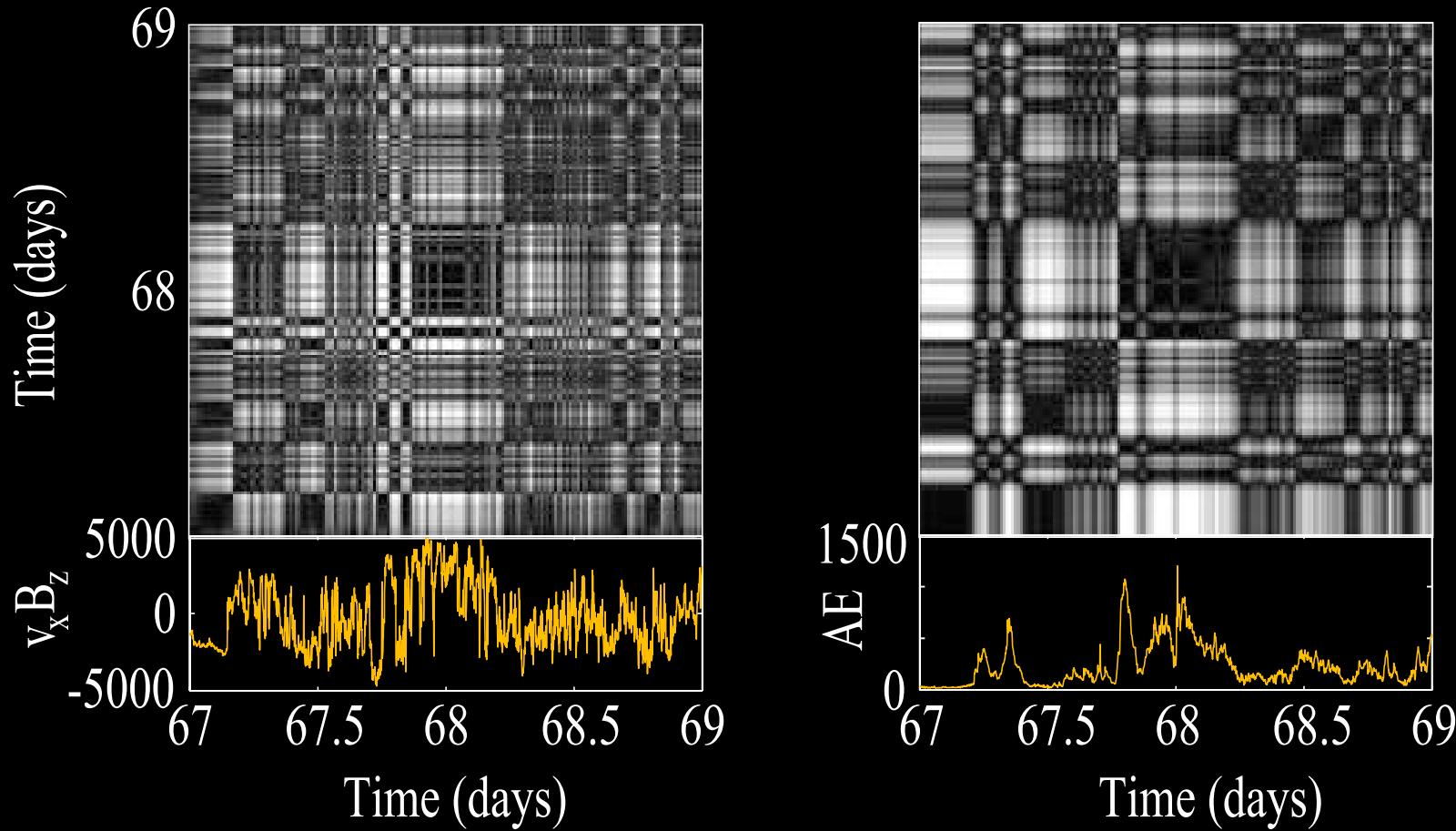
Temperature



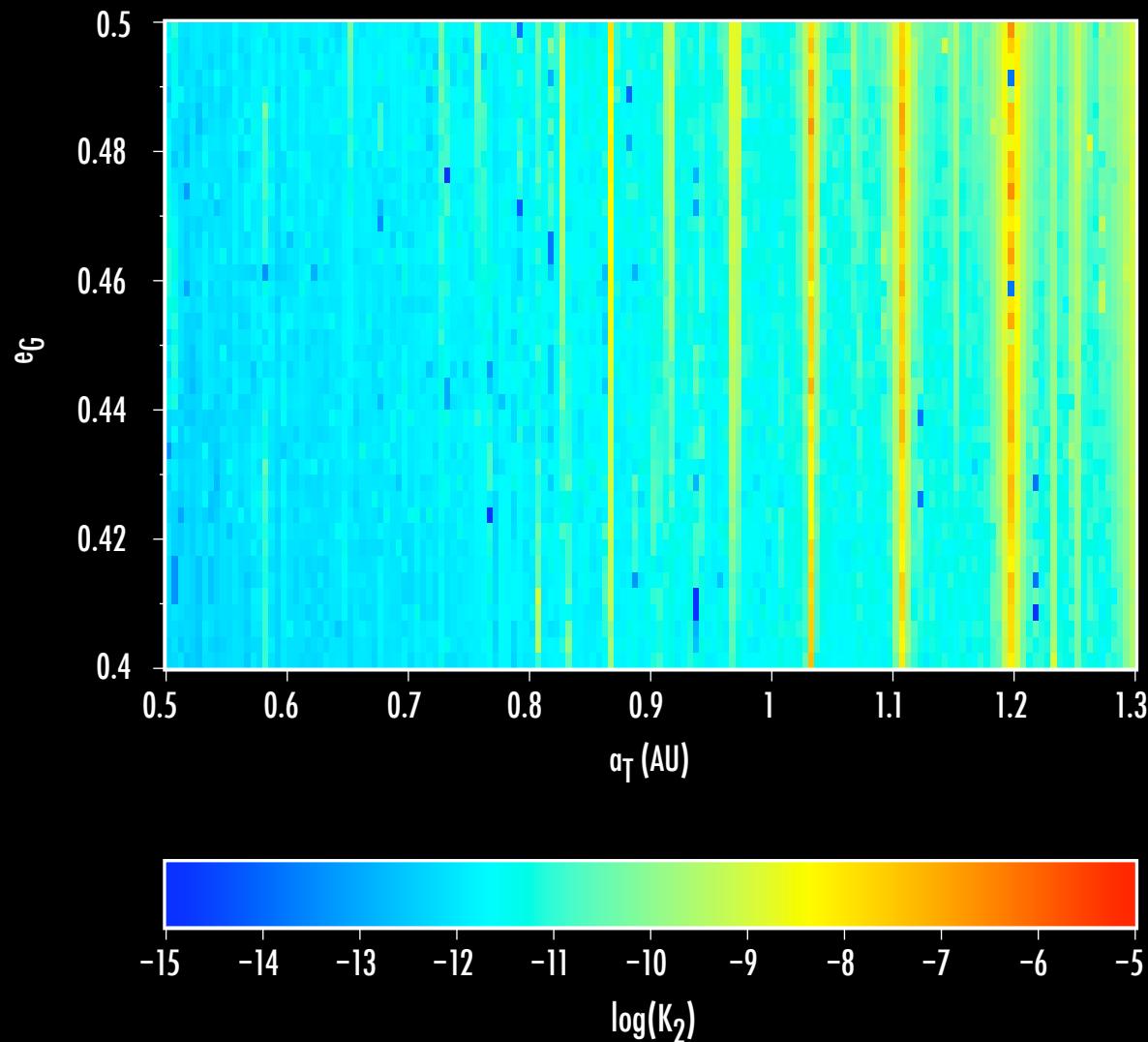
# Remote Sensing Analysis (Vegetation Index)



# **Impact of Solar Wind on Earth – Dynamics of Magnetosphere**



# Search for Habitable Extra-solar Planets



# **Summary**

- powerful techniques
- wide applicability in Earth sciences

# **Summary**

- powerful techniques
- wide applicability in Earth sciences
- further information:
  - recurrence plot symposia (Montreal 8/2009)
  - recurrence plot review report
  - recurrence plot website

